

HODGES, TODD & PRUETT,  
To whom all Communications (Post Paid) will be addressed.  
THO. B. STEVENSON, Editor.

For the "Tri-Weekly Commonwealth," (which is issued Daily during the Session of the Legislature, and Tri-Weekly the balance of the year), \$5 per annum, in advance, or \$6 at the end of the year.  
For the "Daily Commonwealth," during the Session of the Legislature, \$1 in advance.  
The "Weekly Commonwealth," printed on a large mammoth sheet, will hereafter be furnished to subscribers at \$2, in advance, or \$2.50 at the expiration of six months.  
The "Weekly Commonwealth" will be furnished to subscribers during the Session of the Legislature, for 50 cents in advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:  
For 10 lines or less, to those who are Daily Subscribers during the Session of the Legislature, \$1 00  
And for each additional 10 lines, to Daily Session Subscribers, 1 00  
For 10 lines or less, for a single insertion, 50  
And for each insertion of the same advertisement, after the first of 10 lines or less, 10 not exceeding 20, first insertion, 10  
For any number of lines over 10 and not exceeding 20, first insertion, 15  
And for each insertion of the same advertisement, over 10 and not exceeding 20 lines, 15  
Longer advertisements will be inserted on liberal terms.

Louisville Advertisements.

B. F. BAKER & CO.,  
MAIN STREET, LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY,  
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN  
B. F. BAKER, SHOES, AND  
A. LOW, BROGANS,  
Office, No. 8, Blackstone Street, Boston.  
January 1, 1846

L. L. SHREVE & CO.,  
MAIN STREET, BETWEEN FIFTH AND SIXTH STREETS,  
LOUISVILLE, KY.,  
IMPORTERS OF Hardware, Cutlery, Steel, &c.; Manufacturers of Iron, Nails and Steel, and dealers in American Hardware of all descriptions.  
January 1, 1846

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.  
THE subscribers are constantly receiving new and desirable Goods, and have now on hand,  
5,000 Pieces Newest Style  
FANCY PRINTS; together with a good assortment of Cotton and Woolen Goods, suited to the season, which they will sell at the lowest market price. They respectfully invite Country Merchants to call and examine their stock.  
January 1, 1846  
DANFORTH, LEWIS & CO.,  
144, Main street, Louisville, Ky.

W. & C. FELLOWS & CO.,  
AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
AND DEALERS IN  
DRY GOODS, LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.  
CONNECTED WITH FELLOWS, JOHNSON & CO., Commission and Forwarding Merchants, New Orleans. Cash advances made on shipments to either house.  
January 1, 1846

BAINBRIDGE, CARUTH & BAILY,  
NO. 408, MAIN STREET, BETWEEN FIFTH AND SIXTH STREETS,  
LOUISVILLE, KY.,  
IMPORTERS OF Hardware and Cutlery, and Dealers in American Hardware, Castings, Iron, &c.  
January 1, 1846

QUEENSWARE AND CHINA, AT N. YORK PRICES.

A CARD FOR 1846.  
COUNTRY MERCHANTS who are in the habit of purchasing their Queensware and China in the Eastern Cities, would do well to bear in mind that they have now a chance of saving from \$12 to \$15 per cent, by making their purchases of the subscribers in Louisville. We are the first in the Western country to offer these Goods at eastern prices, without charge, thereby making a saving of \$12 to \$15 per cent, as also the loss of time in getting their goods. We have been particular care to find out the lowest eastern prices, and to make our prices as low as possible. White Granite, or any color Hexagon Pitchers, \$4.50 per dozen; Twinklers, or 8 inch plates, White Granite or any color, 75 cents per dozen; Painted Plates 16 cents per set, and 30 sets to \$100, or one set to every \$2 of bill. Every article in the line proportionably low. Our stock will be very full and complete in February. A CARD FOR 1846.  
January 1, 1846  
MCINTIRE & BROTHER,  
Louisville, Ky.

AUCTION SALES.  
MAIN STREET, BETWEEN FIFTH AND SIXTH STREETS,  
LOUISVILLE, KY.,  
BY THOS. J. ANDERSON & CO.,  
REGULAR SALES.—T. Anderson & Co. have sales at Auction regularly every Thursday morning, consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Cutlery, &c.  
Liberally cash advances made on consignments to them for sale. Regular weekly sales throughout the year every Thursday.  
January 1, 1846

JARVIS & TRAUBE,  
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN  
FRENCH, ENGLISH, ITALIAN, AND AMERICAN STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS,  
CORNER OF MAIN AND SECOND STREETS,  
LOUISVILLE, KY.  
January 1, 1846

RUPERT & LINDENBERGER,  
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.  
NOW HAVE, and shall continue to have, one of the most extensive stocks to be found in the Western country, comprising a general assortment of  
DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS,  
Dye-Stuffs, Window Glass and Glass Ware, Tobacco, and Spices, with a great variety of other Goods, many of which they import directly, purchased exclusively for Cash; to which they invite the attention of Merchants, Druggists, Physicians, Manufacturers and Dealers generally—prices very low for Cash.  
Country Produce of all kinds, or the usual time to punctual men.  
January 1, 1846

J. B. WILDER & CO.,  
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,  
NO. 448, MAIN ST., BETWEEN FIFTH AND SIXTH CROSS STREETS,  
LOUISVILLE, KY.  
REMOVAL.—We have moved to the large and commodious Warehouse recently built by us, No. 448, Main street, between 5th and 6th cross streets, where we shall be happy to have a call from our old friends and customers, and buyers generally, and where we can offer them the largest and best assortment stock of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Tobacco, Window Glass, Apothecaries, Shop Furniture, &c. &c., ever offered in the West, and at prices much below what these articles have usually been sold at in this country. The very exorbitant prices at which these articles were sold at in the large cities in the West, was a subject of complaint for many years; we were the first to reduce these prices, and the large patronage that we have received during the past seven years, is ample testimony of this fact; and to those who are disposed to buy goods at the lowest rates, we can say, give us your patronage and we will certainly give you full satisfaction.  
January 1, 1846  
No. 448, Main street, Louisville.

HAIDEN T. CURD,  
Wholesale Grocer, and Forwarding and Commission Merchant,  
415, MAIN, BETWEEN 5TH & 6TH CROSS STREETS,  
LOUISVILLE, KY.  
CASH PAID FOR FEATHERS, Flaxseed, Ginseng, Beechwood, &c. &c.  
January 1, 1846

J. S. MORRIS & CO.,  
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, LOUISVILLE, KY.  
We keep constantly on hand, a very extensive assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varinishes, Brushes, Glass-ware, Window Glass, Virginia and Kentucky Tobacco, Snuff, &c. which we purchase for cash from the Importers in New York, Boston, and are determined to sell at a very small advance for cash, or on the usual terms to punctual dealers.  
Ginseng, Beechwood, Feathers, Flaxseed, Lard, any other country produce received in exchange.  
January 1, 1846

WATCHES, JEWELRY, LAMPS & FANCY GOODS.  
THE subscriber has just received a splendid assortment of FINE AND FASHIONABLE JEWELRY, &c., consisting in part, of fine Gold and Silver Lever Watches; fine gold Guard and Fob Chains and Keys; Pink, Cameo, Topaz and Garnet Breast-pins and Bracelets; fine Diamond and Garnet Finger Rings; Ear Rings; Gold and Silver Pencils; Diamond pointed Gobs; Pins; Plated and Britannia Ware; Silver Ware; fine Cutlery; Corallus and Co's. Solar Lamp Lamps; Grandioses, and a general assortment of Watch Makers Tools and Materials; Military Goods, Musical Instruments; together with a great variety of Fancy and Staple Goods—all of which will be sold wholesale or retail, at greatly reduced prices.  
Watches repaired and warranted for one year.  
Old Gold and Silver taken at the highest price, in exchange for Goods.  
HENRY FLETCHER,  
No. 463, Main street, between Fourth and Fifth, LOUISVILLE.  
January 1, 1846

JACOB KELLER,  
WHOLESALE GROCER, COMMISSION MERCHANT AND WHITE LEAD MANUFACTURER.  
NO. 515, MAIN STREET,  
LOUISVILLE.  
January 1, 1846

Cincinnati Advertisements.

P. WILSON & CO.,  
NO. 91, MAIN STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO,  
IMPORTERS and Manufacturers of Saddlery, Coach and Harness Hardware, Seating, Pad Skins and Morocco, Waxed, Cotton and Straining Belts, Hoses and Straps, Roller and Bridle Buckles, Saddle Trees and Wood Hames, Carriage Lace, Fringe and Oil Cloth, Springs, Axles and Malleable Iron.  
January 1, 1846

A. & W. SPRAGUE & CO.,  
NO. 9, PEARL STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO,  
MANUFACTURERS, Calico Printers, and Wholesale Dealers in Foreign and Domestic DRY GOODS.  
January 1, 1846

BURROWS & CO.,  
(Nos. 13 & 15, PEARL STREET, CINCINNATI.)  
WHOLESALE GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
AND Dealers in Foreign Wines and Liquors, Fruits, Cigars, &c. &c.  
January 1, 1846

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.  
Paints, Oils, Varnish and Dye-stuffs.  
THE subscriber having a large and well selected stock of every article in his line of business, purchased chiefly from the Importers and the Eastern Markets, and at all times prepared to sell to Druggists, Physicians, and others in the country, on as good terms and as low prices as any house in the West. Particular attention is paid to orders from Physicians, as every article will be guaranteed of the best quality. On hand—  
200 oz. of Sulfate of Quinine;  
100 oz. of Hydrate of Potash;  
100 oz. of Iodine;  
50 lbs. of Alum;  
50 carboys Oil of Vitriol;  
100 lbs. Logwood;  
50 do. Fustic;  
50 do. Nicotiana;  
2 do. Blue Vitriol;  
200 lbs. Calomel;  
100 do. fresh Turkey Oil;  
Paint brushes of all sizes, &c.  
I am the manufacturer and proprietor of the justly celebrated article called GARDNER'S VEGETABLE LINIMENT, a popular remedy for fresh bruises or scalds, fresh wounds, rheumatic pains, &c. Also, for horses it excels in the cure of sprains and strains, cuts or wounds, scratches, colic, cholera, or colic, film in the eyes, &c. This article will be furnished to dealers at such prices as will warrant them in keeping it for sale.  
I sell I manufacture PUTTY by steam power, and can warrant it superior to that made by hand; put up compactly in bladders, which prevents it from getting hard; and sell it at the reduced price of 4 cents per lb. by the bill.  
January 6, 1846. N. E. cor. 4th & Main streets, Cincinnati.

MESSICK & TAYLOR,  
NO. 49, MAIN STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO,  
THE subscribers are now receiving their Fall supply of GROCERIES, and are enabled to offer a well assorted and carefully selected stock, at the very lowest market prices. They intend keeping on a full stock, and will spare no pains to render entire satisfaction to all who may favor them with their business.  
Particular attention will be given to the sale of the chief articles of COUNTRY PRODUCE, which may be consigned to their care.  
January 1, 1846

ALEXANDRE SEIGNETTE BRANDY.  
Fourth proof, in half and quarter pipes.  
MAGLORY, CHAMPAIGNE BRANDY, vintages of 1848 and 1849, in quarter pipes, received direct from  
"ROCHELLE."  
For sale by  
HARRISON & HOOPER,  
51, Main St.,  
January 1, 1846 Cincinnati.

MAGUIRE & LINDLEY,  
COMMISSION MERCHANTS & PRODUCE DEALERS,  
BROADWAY, CORNER OF 1ST AND 2ND STREETS,  
CINCINNATI, OHIO.  
January 1, 1846

R. B. BOWLER & CO.,  
WHOLESALE DEALER IN  
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, COTTON YARNS, &c.  
NO. 25, PEARL STREET, CINCINNATI.  
January 1, 1846

J. D. & C. JONES,  
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN DRY GOODS,  
NO. 19, PEARL STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO.  
January 1, 1846

GEO. H. BATES & CO.,  
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,  
CINCINNATI, OHIO.  
A LARGE stock of all articles used by Druggists, Painters, and Manufacturers, for sale at low prices. Purchasers will find it more for their interest to obtain their supplies of them than to send east.  
January 1, 1846

C. A. SCHUMANN,  
WHOLESALE GROCER & COMMISSION MERCHANT,  
DEALER IN  
FLOUR, AND IMPORTED HAVANA CIGARS.  
NO. 25, MAIN STREET, BETWEEN FRONT AND COLUMBIA, CINCINNATI, O.  
REFERENCES: John H. Cheslock, Esq., Thomas J. Adams, Esq., Wm. Greene, Esq., Messrs. Springer & Whitman, T. S. Goodman & Co., Cincinnati—Messrs. J. W. Schmidt & Vogel, Cincinnati; Messrs. E. & T. Pope, New York; Messrs. Schmidt & Co., James McGee & Co., Curtis & Biddender, New Orleans.  
January 1, 1846

JAMES JOHNSTON & CO.,  
GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
CINCINNATI, OHIO.  
HAVE on hand a constant supply of Dry Hides, Sole Leather, Upper Leather, Harness Leather, Skirting Leather, Castor Oil, Linseed Oil, Pig Iron.  
January 1, 1846

GEORGE CONCLIN,  
NO. 29, MAIN STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO,  
Bookseller and Publisher.  
KEEPS constantly on hand, a general assortment of the SCHOOL BOOKS used in the West, together with a large variety of MISCELLANEOUS AND BLANK BOOKS, and STATIONERY of all kinds. Blank Books of superior quality, made to any order at short notice.  
CASH paid for Rags.  
January 1, 1846

THOMAS H. MINOR & CO.,  
NO. 59, MAIN STREET, BETWEEN FRONT AND COLUMBIA, CINCINNATI,  
OHIO.  
ONE of our firm resides in New Orleans throughout the business season, for the purpose of purchasing all articles in our line, by which arrangement our stock is always full and complete; as also are we enabled to sell at the lowest possible prices.  
January 1, 1846

NEFF & BROTHERS,  
CINCINNATI, OHIO.  
IMPORTERS of Cutlery, Hardware, China and Earthenware. Also, wholesale dealers in Boots and Shoes.  
January 1, 1846

SAMUEL N. PIKE & BROTHER,  
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN  
FRENCH, ENGLISH, GERMAN, SWISS AND AMERICAN  
Fancy and Staple Dry Goods,  
NO. 22, PEARL STREET, CINCINNATI.  
January 1, 1846

S. B. BIRDSALL,  
NO. 49, MAIN STREET, SECOND FLOOR ABOVE COLUMBIA STREET,  
CINCINNATI, OHIO.  
WHOLESALE dealer in Boots and Shoes, and agent for the Manufacturers.  
January 1, 1846

GEORGE COX,  
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER, NO. 59, MAIN STREET,  
CINCINNATI, OHIO.  
HAS constantly on hand a large collection of Law, Medical, Theological and Miscellaneous Books. Also, School Books, Blank Books and Stationery—with a large collection of Engravings; all of which he offers for sale on reasonable terms.  
January 1, 1846

HUNNEWELL & G. H. HILL,  
Importers and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Glass, China, and Jewellery.  
NO. 87, MAIN STREET, CINCINNATI.  
CONSTANT supply of Hotel and Steamboat Furnishing Goods, such as Waiters, Forks, Waiters, Spoons and Castors; Hanging, Side, and Stand Lamp Lamps.  
Assorted Ware in the original package, and re-packed adapted to the country trade.  
Orders received for Soap and Candles of J. S. Hill's manufacture, and a supply of the same on hand. Cash paid for Tailor, Black Sails, second quality of Lard and Pot Ash.  
January 1, 1846

Cincinnati and Louisville.

IRWIN & FOSTER,  
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
CINCINNATI, OHIO.  
WILL make liberal cash advances on Hemp, Tobacco, Feathers and Ginseng, consigned to their friends in New York and Philadelphia. During the low water in the Ohio, heavy freights can be shipped to New York by way of the Miami Canal and the Lakes at low rates. For further information apply to  
January 1, 1846. A. Z. BOYER, Frankfort, Ky.

G. & J. H. SHOENBERGER,  
JUNIOR 12, FRONT STREET, CINCINNATI,  
MANUFACTURERS of all sizes of Iron Nails and Bolter Rivets, from the best Juniata Bloom, of their own manufacture, and of all sizes of Blistered Railroad Carriage Springs Steel, warranted equal to any in the U. States.  
N. B. None genuine without the stamp, "Shoenberger" on it.  
January 1, 1846

RAWDON WRIGHT & HATCH,  
BANK NOTE ENGRAVERS,  
CORNER OF FOURTH & MAIN STREETS, CINCINNATI.  
LSD, Bonds, Bills of Exchange, Checks, Drafts, Promissory Notes, Receipts, Cards, &c., executed.  
January 1, 1846

DAY & MATLACK,  
NO. 209, MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE FIFTH STREET MARKET SPACE,  
CINCINNATI, OHIO.  
IMPORTERS and Wholesale Dealers in Hosiery, Gloves, Trimmings, Lace and Variety Goods. Always on hand, a complete stock of *Festivals, Trimmings, Dresser Goods, Small Wares, Zephyr and Woolen Yarns, Working Carriage, Knitting Cottons, Bonnet Ribbons, Gimps, Fringes, Stocks, Shirt Bosoms and Collars, Combs, Percussion Caps, Shoe Thread, &c. &c.*  
January 1, 1846

W. & R. P. RESOR,  
NO. 25 AND 27, MAIN STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO,  
MANUFACTURERS OF  
STOVES AND GRATES, and Dealers in Tinplate, Sheet Iron, Copper, Tin and Galvanized Iron, Findings, &c.  
January 1, 1846

WITHERS, OSHAUGHNESSY & Co.,  
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN  
DRY GOODS—AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
Sole Importers of the *Third Street*,  
CINCINNATI.  
January 1, 1846

THOMAS H. PARKER,  
WHOLESALE DEALER IN  
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WOLLENS, CLOTHS, CASIMERES, VESTINGS, &c.  
NO. 25, PEARL STREET, OPPOSITE PEARL STREET HOUSE, CINCINNATI.  
H. P. has business connections at the East, and will be constantly receiving the newest and best styles of Goods, which he offers for sale at the lowest prices. Tailors and buyers of Woolsens are respectfully requested to call and examine.  
January 1, 1846

B. G. CUTTER & Co.,  
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,  
WINE, SPIRITS, LIQUORS, &c., &c.  
Nos. 452, 451 & 455, MAIN STREET, LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.  
HAVE now on hand a very extensive assortment of all descriptions of Dry Goods, suitable to the country trade, and which they will sell for cash, or on country produce fully as low as they can be bought in any of the Eastern markets, costs of transportation alone added. Their great facilities in obtaining Goods from the Eastern and Western cities, at very low prices, give them great advantages in the way of offering bargains to their customers; and Country Merchants generally would find it to their interest to examine their new and best styles of Goods. Their Dry Goods stock consists in part of the following, in all their different varieties, viz:  
JANUARY 1, 1846

DRESS GOODS.  
FANCY PRINTS—great in variety and new in style, comprising latest patterns thrown into market by the American manufacturers.  
GINGHAMS—French, English and American Mousline de Laines, Cashmere de Cusse, Balzaires, &c.  
SHIRTINGS AND SHIRTINGS.  
100 bales Brown Sheetings, of the best brands made in the U. S. Bleached SHIRTINGS—30 cases Bleached Shirts, comprising all variety of prices.  
TICKINGS, DRILLINGS, &c.—15 bales Red Tickings; 5 bales Brown Drillings; 3 bales Canton Flannel; &c.  
JANUARY 1, 1846

MISCELLANEOUS GOODS.  
Cloths, Casimeres, and Vestings;  
Red Pading and Canvas Pading;  
Kentucky Jeans, plaid, blue, &c.;  
Red Flannels, of the very finest article;  
Alpacas, Merinos, &c. &c.;  
White and colored Cambrics;  
Jacquets, plain, striped and plaid;  
Book Muslin, Swiss Muslin;  
Bishop Lawn, Cap Nettings, Green Berage;  
Bourdeaux, Worsted and Silk Serges;  
Apron Checks, Black Wadding;  
Hosiery, Gloves, Mitts, &c.;  
Blue and colored Sewing Silk;  
White and colored Thread;  
Blue, white and colored Patent Thread;  
Hooks and Eyes, Percussion Caps;  
Buttons, in all their varieties;  
White and colored Sheet Muslin;  
Silk and Cotton Handkerchiefs;  
Combs of every description;  
Gum and worsted Suspensors, &c. &c. &c.  
Their stock of GROCERIES, &c., which is always heavy, and comprises a more extensive assortment than can be found in any House in the West, and which they will always sell at the very lowest prices for cash or country produce, consists in part of the following, viz:  
500 bags prime Rio Coffee;  
200 Java and Laguyra Coffee;  
150 bales prime N. O. Sugar;  
120 lbs. Plantation Molasses;  
30 boxes Double Refined Lard Sugar;  
100 lbs. N. O. Leaf Sugar, in casks;  
20 " Crushed and Powdered Sugar;  
10 " Clarified Sugar;  
50 half chests P. & Y. H. Tea;  
150 lb. and 130 lb. boxes P. & Y. H. Tea;  
25 half chests Pow-chong Tea;  
125 boxes James River Tobacco, various brands;  
Missouri do. do. do.;  
75 " Kentucky do. do.;  
50,000 Nails and Half Spanish Cigars;  
800 lbs. Spanish assorted sizes;  
400 lbs. Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel;  
250 half and quarter boxes Nos. 1 and 2 Mackerel;  
10 lbs. Salmon;  
10 " Pickled Herring;  
250 doz. Painted and Varinshed Buckets;  
50 nests Painted Tubs;  
200 lbs. Soap, in 10 and 12 lb. sizes;  
200 coils Manila Rope, assorted Galls;  
1,500 gallons Sperm Oil;  
50 lbs. Tanners Oil;  
Togers with a complete assortment of Spices, Dry Stuffs, Liquors, Wines, &c. &c.  
January 1, 1846

BELL & TERRY,  
WHOLESALE GROCERS, FORWARDING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
MAIN STREET, BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH CROSS STREETS,  
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.  
HAVE constantly on hand a very general assortment of Goods in their line: Sugar, Molasses, Coffee, Tea, Indigo, Madder, the best brands of Tobacco; with a great variety of articles, which they will sell for cash, or on exchange for Country Produce, Feathers, Ginseng, Beeswax, Flax Seed, Lard, &c.  
January 1, 1846

J. C. BUCKLES,  
COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANT,  
LOUISVILLE, KY.  
PARTICULAR attention paid to Receiving and Forwarding Produce and Merchandise generally. If Fire-Proof Warehouse being situated at the Landing, no drayage charge.  
January 1, 1846

E. HOLBROOK,  
NO. 474, MAIN STREET, LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY,  
IMPORTER AND MANUFACTURER  
OF all kinds of Tobacco and Cigars, solicits the attention of Country Merchants and dealers generally, visiting the city, to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.  
January 1, 1846

NEW UNION BRASS & IRON FOUNDRY.  
JOHN T. BROOKS & CO.,  
LOUISVILLE, KY.  
THE subscribers respectfully announce to the citizens of Louisville and the public generally, that they are now prepared to manufacture all kinds of Machinery at their Foundry, on Main, below Ninth street; such as Steam Engines, of superior quality; Cotton, Woolen, Hemp, or Experimental Machinery of every description; all kinds of Blacksmith Work; Castings of every kind, such as Wagon Boxes, Fan Wheels, Plough Moulds, Manle and Window Grates; all kinds of Window and Door Lintels; Light and Heavy Pumps and set up on the most reasonable terms; Grate Bars for Steam Boats and other Furnaces of improved patterns; and all kind of Brass Work made to order; Brass Castings; Spelter; Solder; Copper Rivets, &c.  
If Cash paid for old Copper, Iron and Brass. January 1, 1846

McLEAN & BACON,  
WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS,  
NO. 440, MAIN, BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH CROSS STREETS,  
LOUISVILLE, KY.  
January 1, 1846

Louisville Advertisements.

EMIGRATION TO THE RED RIVER AND TRINITY COLONY, TEXAS.  
THE parties to the contract made by the Government of Texas, under the special acts and authority of Congress, passed Feb. 4th, 1841, and January 16th, 1843, with Peters and others, for the purpose of Colonizing a portion of the vacant and unappropriated lands of the Republic, having formed themselves into a company, do hereby announce to the public, that they have appointed the undersigned as trustees, and vested in them full power and authority to carry out and fulfil the objects and intentions of the parties thereto. We would, therefore, respectfully give notice to all who may wish to avail themselves of the liberal terms and conditions now offered by the Company, to settlers in their Colony, that we now have at the settlement, at the forks of the Trinity River, a permanent resident Agent, Mr. Charles S. Hensley, an intelligent and competent gentleman, who will at all times be prepared to receive and locate to their satisfaction, without delay, all who may go there to settle.  
To all emigrants who shall go on to the grant and settle in the Colony, on or before the 1st day of July, 1846, the Company will give to each and every family 320 acres of land, and to each and every single man over the age of seventeen years 160 acres of land, to be selected by themselves, upon paying to our agent, for the cost of the surveys of the lands upon which they shall settle, at the rate of \$16 for each family, and \$8 for each single man, and the actual expense of the deeds and the record thereof, and, if the parties are without money, a note will be taken, bearing interest. By a family is to be understood a man and his wife, with or without children, a single widow, or a single man, or more children under the age of seventeen years, or two men over the age of seventeen years—males over the age of seventeen years, shall each be entitled to 160 acres of land in their own right, beside the 320 acres given to the family of which they are members. Our Agent, Mr. Hensley, who was raised in the richest part of Kentucky, says of the country: "This is the most magnificent country my eyes ever beheld, for richness of soil, water, climate, and in a better soil of June 5, 1845, in speaking of the country, passed beauty of the prairies, uses the following language: "The prairies, those gardens of the world, for which the speech of England has no name, beautifully interspersed with groves of timber, and still more beautifully adorned with flowers of every color, and every shade of color, surpassing the skill of the painter and the imagination of the poet, would make a person almost believe, that it was the Garden of Eden, the House, that he was transported into Mahomed's paradise."  
All communications, post paid, addressed to the undersigned, trustees, at Louisville, Ky., or to either of them, on business of the Company, shall meet with prompt attention.  
WILLIS STEWART,  
JOHN J. SMITH,  
WM. C. PETERS,  
Trustees of the Texas Emigration and Land Co.  
Louisville, January 1, 1846

CARPET WAREHOUSE,  
MAIN STREET, LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.  
BENT & DUVALL,  
HAVE now in store, a large assortment of Carpets and Oil Cloths, of the following kinds:  
Brussels Carpeting of various qualities;  
Super 3 ply Imperial do;  
Scotch Ingrain do;  
Common Ingrain do;  
Lionelle and Tufted Rugs;  
Floor Oil Cloths, from 3 to 24 feet wide;  
Table do. of various patterns and qualities;  
Black do. of Scotch Manufacturers;  
2, 4, 6, 8 and 10 Yestian Carpets;  
Fenders, Shovels and Tongs, and Irons.  
Also—a general assortment of STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, such as Cottons, Linens, Blankets, brown and bleached Sheetings and Shirts, CURTAIN GOODS, of every variety and style; Silk Dress Goods, &c. &c.; all of which they will sell at very low prices, and in the most prompt manner, to the country attended to promptly, and with strict attention to orders.  
January 1, 1846

LOOK! LOOK!—NEW HAT STORE.  
J. G. Fraig & Co.,  
Manufacturers and Wholesale and Retail dealers in Hats & Caps,  
453, MAIN STREET, BETWEEN FOURTH AND FIFTH,  
LOUISVILLE, KY.  
WOULD respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Louisville and the traveling public generally, to their splendid new store, No. 453, where will be found one of the largest and most superiorly manufactured and elegantly assorted stock of HATS AND CAPS ever before seen in the West.  
Louisville has long wanted such an establishment as we design making ours. We have the ability and we now have the room necessary to carry out our improvements in the business, and it shall be a house where Gentlemen can always rely upon getting the very finest article, with the shape and style most suitable to their person, &c. In a word, our aim is to make this such an establishment as shall merit the patronage, and at the same time gratify and please the customer.  
January 1, 1846

F. E. PUGH,  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER,  
NO. 420, CORNER 6TH AND MAIN STREETS,  
LOUISVILLE, KY.  
MERCHANTS, Travelers and Farmers, will find it to their advantage to call and see what bargains are to be had for cash. 1,234 kinds of Country Produce bought at the best market price.  
January 1, 1846

JAMES H. REYNOLDS,  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANT,  
NO. 45, WALL STREET,  
LOUISVILLE.  
GOODS SHIPPED to my care should be so marked.  
January 1, 1846

WALLACE & LITHGOW,  
NO. 530, MAIN, NEAR PEARL STREET, LOUISVILLE, KY.  
COPPER, Tin, Sheet Iron Ware, and dealers in Tin Plate, Copper, Sheet Iron, Block Tin, Zinc, Rivets, Tinners' Machines, &c. &c.  
January 1, 1846

EAGLE FOUNDRY,  
WALLACE & LITHGOW, Proprietors,  
LOUISVILLE, KY.  
WILL keep on hand a full and complete assortment of Pre-arranged Cooking Stoves; Fancy Parlor Stoves; 10 and 7 plate do.; Air-Tight do.; Box do.; Sad Irons; Wagon Boxes, Tea Kettles; Hollow Ware, &c., which they will sell Wholesale or Retail, at the lowest cash price.  
January 1, 1846

M'GRAIN & MERIWETHER,  
NO. 540, NORTH SIDE OF MAIN STREET, NEAR THIRD STREET,  
LOUISVILLE, KY.  
WHOLESALE and Retail Dealers in, and Manufacturers of all kinds of STOVES, GRATES, and CASTINGS, Tea Kettles, Sadirons, and Tinware.  
January 1, 1846

PIATT & BUCKLIN,  
WHOLESALE CASH DEALERS IN BOOTS AND SHOES, ON COMMISSION,  
455, MAIN STREET, FIVE DOORS EAST OF FIFTH,  
LOUISVILLE, KY.  
A LARGE stock of every description kept constantly on hand, by the receipt of regular supplies from eastern manufacturers, which they will sell at eastern prices, by the package, with carriage added.  
January 1, 1846

MRS. N. ZAZIO,  
WEST SIDE FOURTH, BETWEEN MAIN AND MARKET ST., LOUISVILLE,  
CONFECTIONER.  
KEEPS constantly on hand, a large and general assortment of CANDIES and other CONFECTIONERIES, Cakes, Cordials, Preserves, &c., and will find it to their advantage to examine my extensive stock of Goods. The catalogue of Medical Books is very complete, and offered at low prices.  
A large stock of the following School Readers, will always be found in store:  
THE ECLECTIC READERS, by McGuffey;  
THE COMPREHENSIVE READERS, by Goodrich;  
SANDERS' SCHOOL READERS;  
Also, Olney's, Mitchell's, Smith's, Morse's, Parley's, and Wood-bridge's GEOGRAPHIES.  
Adams, Colburn's, Davies', Emerson's, Pike's, Ray's, Smith's, Smiley's and Talbot's ARITHMETICS.  
Butler's, Conly's, Bullian's, Kirkham and Smith's GRAMMARS; together with all the approved School Books in use.  
Also, a good stock of the best LAMPS, BOOKS, and Stationery of every description.  
January 1, 1846

GEO. G. FETTER & CO.,  
WHOLESALE GROCERS, PRODUCE, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,  
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.  
REFERENCES—Lonsdale & Gray, New Orleans; W. P. Holloway & Co., Grand Gulf, Miss.; Hart & Richardson, Cincinnati; Thompson & Campbell, Cincinnati; G. Jacob, Wheeling; Joshua Hanna, Pittsburg; Elder, Gelson & Co., Baltimore; G. E. H. Gray, St. Louis.  
January 1, 1846

H. D. NEWCOMB & BROTHER,  
WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
Jan. 1, 1846 WALL STREET, LOUISVILLE.

BOOKS, PAPER & STATIONERY.  
NO. 532, MAIN STREET, LOUISVILLE, KY.,  
JAMES MAXWELL, JR.  
HAS for sale, a large stock of Paper, Books, and Stationery; all of which are offered at a small advance on cost. Country Merchants, Librarians, and other persons who desire to purchase Books, &c., will find it to their advantage to examine my extensive stock of Goods. The catalogue of Medical Books is very complete, and offered at low prices.  
A large stock of the following School Readers, will always be found in store:  
THE ECLECTIC READERS, by McGuffey;  
THE COMPREHENSIVE READERS, by Goodrich;  
SANDERS' SCHOOL READERS;  
Also, Olney's, Mitchell's, Smith's, Morse's, Parley's, and Wood-bridge's GEOGRAPHIES.  
Adams, Colburn's, Davies', Emerson's, Pike's, Ray's, Smith's, Smiley's and Talbot's ARITHMETICS.  
Butler's, Conly's, Bullian's, Kirkham and Smith's GRAMMARS; together with all the approved School Books in use.  
Also, a good stock of the best LAMPS, BOOKS, and Stationery of every description.  
January 1, 1846

Cincinnati Advertisements.

THE BEST, AND CHEAPEST, AND MOST UNIFORM SERIES OF STANDARD SCHOOL BOOKS  
EVER PUBLISHED.  
TO those engaged in the important, but arduous task of instructing youth, MCGUFFEY'S ECLECTIC READERS, Nos. ONE, TWO, THREE AND FOUR, are now presented, thoroughly revised, and greatly enlarged, with many important improvements. They are now in a permanent stereotype form, NO FURTHER ALTERATIONS being intended.  
Prof. McGuffey's enthusiastic devotion to the cause of Education, his fine taste and discriminating mind, and his practical experience as an instructor, render him peculiarly fitted for the department of authorship, to which he has given his attention. The suggestions of intelligent teachers who had used the former editions of the series, and the valuable aid afforded him in the revision by an experienced educator, have also furnished him with unusual facilities for advantageously revising and enlarging these works.  
In this series, comprising as it does, a careful selection of instructive, entertaining and moral matter, progressively arranged, and graduated with reference to the capacity of the pupil, Prof. McGuffey has afforded to parents and teachers, a most thorough, complete, and efficient auxiliary in the education of youth. Its extensive use has been sufficient for the development

# KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

IN SENATE.

SATURDAY, January 10, 1846.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. HUNTER.  
The Clerk read the Journal of yesterday.  
Petitions were presented by Messrs. WALKER, BRAMLETTE and DRAFFIN.

## REPORTS FROM STANDING COMMITTEES.

Mr. HARDIN, from the committee on the Judiciary, a bill to regulate the Terms of the Christian County Court: the Term now held on the last Monday in April to be held on the first Monday in May, and the Term now held on the last Monday in October to be held on the first Monday in November: passed.

Mr. SLAUGHTER, from the committee on Agriculture and Manufactures, a H. R. act, allowing the Russell County Court further time of one year to procure weights and measures.

Mr. BRAMLETTE moved an amendment, granting the same to the County Court of Clinton: adopted. The bill, as amended, then passed.

Mr. TODD, from the committee on Finance, a H. R. act, to amend the act to invest the Craddock Fund: ratifies and legalizes an investment of \$2100 in six year bonds, and authorizes further investments: passed.

Also, a bill for the benefit of Elijah McWhorter, late Sheriff of Clay: releases interest on a judgment against him.

Mr. HARRIS moved an amendment allowing W. J. Mayo \$11 62, expenses of guards in conveying a lunatic to the Asylum.

Mr. HENDERSON moved to amend the amendment so as to grant said McWhorter two years further time to collect revenue and county levy: adopted. The amendment, as amended, was then adopted, and the bill passed.

## REPORTS FROM SELECT COMMITTEES.

Mr. CRENSHAW, a bill to amend the charter of the Glasgow and Scottsville Turnpike Road Company: provides that, on complaint to two Justices, it be found that the road is out of proper repair, and the Company having means, fail to repair in thirty days from notice, tolls shall not be collected at the gate nearest the place out of repair, &c.: passed.

Mr. BRAMLETTE, a bill concerning the town of Albany in Clinton county: an act of incorporation: committed to the committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. CONNER, a bill to improve the navigation of Little Sandy river: committed to the committee on Internal Improvement.

## MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. DRAFFIN, leave to introduce a bill authorizing Clerks of County Courts to swear persons applying for marriage license, as to their age: referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. TAYLOR, leave to introduce a bill to amend the act regulating conveyances: referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. EVANS, leave to introduce a bill to improve the navigation of Green and Barren rivers, and for other purposes: referred to the committee on Internal Improvement.

Mr. SLAUGHTER moved to take up the bill, laid on the table yesterday, for the benefit of Mary Hancock: agreed to.

A H. R. act, to divorce Mary Hancock, with the pending amendments moved in the Senate, to divorce Sarah Ann Donighi from her husband, John Donighi; and to divorce Ann Eliza Holtzclaw and change her name to Fitzgerald.

Mr. BALLARD withdrew the amendment proposing to divorce Ann Eliza Holtzclaw.

The amendment, to divorce Sarah Ann Donighi, was then adopted.

And the question then being on reading the bill, as amended, a third time.

Mr. BUTLER moved to re-commit the bill to the committee on the Judiciary, with instructions to report whether the institution of a suit by a woman for a divorce, will secure the plaintiff all property which may thereafter, pending the suit, accrue to the plaintiff by devise or descent, from the claims of the defendant or his creditors.

The SPEAKER here announced the orders of the day; when, on motion of Mr. SOUTH, they were dispensed with.

Mr. PEYTON moved to amend the instructions moved by Mr. BUTLER, so as to require the committee to inquire further, whether the father, who is yet living, has not the power now by law, to secure to his daughter any property he may design to give her, by deed of trust, in such manner that her husband cannot have any control over it or interest in it.

Mr. W. P. BOYD moved to amend the instructions so as to require the committee also to report the right of the wife to a settlement of property descended to her, under such circumstances, and the extent of that right as to the amount of the property, before the same is reduced to possession of the husband.

(Mr. A. BOYD, from the committee on Enrollments, reported sundry bills, which were signed by the SPEAKER.)

Mr. NEWELL moved the previous question, which was ordered, and the effect of which was to cut off all motions pending.

And the question being taken, shall the bill be engrossed and read a third time? it was decided in the negative, yeas 16, nays 17, as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. A. Boyd, Bradley, Evans, Harris, Heady, Helm, Holloway, Key, Patterson, Slaughter, South, Thomas, Thurman, Walker, Wallace and Woodson—16.

NAYS—Messrs. W. P. Boyd, Bramlette, Butler, Chenaunt, Conner, Crenshaw, Draffin, Drake, Dyer, Gray, Hardin, Henderson, Newell, Peyton, Swope, Taylor and Todd—17.

So the bill was rejected.

Mr. HARDIN presented the Annual Report of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum: 1,000 copies ordered to be printed, and referred to the committee on Finance.

Mr. GRAY, leave to introduce a bill to amend the act providing for appeals from Justices of the Peace: referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

And then the Senate adjourned.

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SATURDAY, Jan. 10, 1846.

Prayers, and the reading of the Journal, being had.

Petitions, &c. were presented by Messrs. HAYS, KELLY, JACKSON, BARKLEY, ANTHONY, BARLOW, HUGHES, PURDUM, DUDLEY, PRIEST, FORD, MOORE and RODMAN: which were severally received, their reading dispensed, and appropriately referred.

The SPEAKER laid before the House, a remonstrance against the removal of the county seat of Mason county, and a petition to establish an election precinct in Warren: which were received, their reading dispensed, and referred.

The SPEAKER also presented the Annual Report of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum at Danville: which, on motion of Mr. BARKLEY, was laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

On motion of Mr. E. SMITH, the House ordered a dispensation of the morning business, and that the Chair proceed with the pending call of the counties.

Mr. DALLAM, from the Enrollments committee, reported bills as correctly enrolled: which received the signature of the SPEAKER.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Secretary STONESTREET, reported the action of that body on sundry bills, &c., and requested the concurrence of the House.

## BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. HATFIELD, a bill to repeal the law limiting the number of Justices of the Peace in Simpson county: referred to a select committee.

By Mr. BALEE, a bill for the benefit of Lemuel Smith: referred to the Judiciary committee.

By same, a bill for the benefit of Thomas Crutcher: referred.

By same, a bill to levy a tax on insurance offices, the stock of which is owned by individuals living in other States: referred.

By same, a bill to incorporate the Dialectic Society in Shelby College: referred.

By same, a bill further to secure slaves in custody: referred to the Judiciary committee.

By same, a bill to provide for greater security against the manumission of slaves in this Commonwealth: committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. GLENN, a bill further to protect the rights of married women: referred to a select committee.

By same, a bill to modify the law of 1833, prohibiting the importation of slaves into this State: select committee.

By same, a bill to establish a State Bank for purposes of revenue: referred to a select committee.

By same, a resolution, that the committee on Privileges and Elections, be instructed to inquire whether any member of the present House of Representatives has procured his election by bribery, corruption, or in any manner not authorized by law; and that for this purpose they have power to send for persons, papers and records, and that they report to this House the names of all such members, with the county or counties which they represent; and that they report particularly the nature of such offences, if any have been committed.

Mr. BARLOW submitted, that gentlemen might be too much interested in this question to allow them even to take a vote upon it: and for this opinion, he referred the House to the 16th Rule, from which he read, as follows, to wit: "16. No member shall vote on any question, in the event of which he is immediately or particularly interested."

But the SPEAKER entertained the motion, and the resolution was rejected.

By Mr. GLENN, a joint resolution, That the committee on Printing, in each House of the General Assembly, be a joint committee; and that the Public Printer be required forthwith to furnish such committee with its accounts with the State, and rates of charging for the past year; and that said committees, by their chairmen, be authorized to proceed to any place within sixty miles of Frankfort, if, in their judgment, the prices of printing may be thus more correctly and satisfactorily ascertained, than by applying to the sources of information on that subject which may be obtained in this place.

Mr. G. said that the two committees had been requested to report at an early day; and he desired this proposition to pass merely that they might have power to act together, for the sake of economizing time.

He asked that the rule requiring his proposition to lie on the table one day, be dispensed with; which was carried; and then the resolution was adopted.

By Mr. S. STONE, a bill was introduced, to-wit: a bill to amend the law in relation to divorces; which was referred to a select committee.

Mr. S. having the floor, at the request of the gentleman from Rockcastle, [Mr. E. Smith,] he submitted the following resolution, to-wit:

Resolved, That the committee of the Whole, before it shall rise this day from the consideration of the bill to take the sense of the people as to the expediency of calling a Convention, be discharged from the further consideration of that subject, and directed to report the same back to the House.

Mr. E. SMITH. The object of this motion was not to stifle debate; but to bring the discussion to a close in committee of the Whole. He wished to bring the subject back into the House, that gentlemen might have it in their power to terminate discussion, if they chose to do so, by way of the previous question.

The HUNTON hoped the resolution would pass. The House had heard speaking enough on the bill. He doubted, indeed, whether it were of advantage to indulge any speaking upon such a proposition. It was his impression that gentlemen had been as well prepared to vote from the first as now. He knew that the question presented a most inviting field for displaying the talents and learning of speaking members; but the opportunity for mere display should be neither sought; nor indulged at the expense of the State.

Mr. R. C. BOWLING. As yet the remarks upon this proposition had proceeded from the younger members, and as he had been informed that some of the older Representatives designed speaking, for one, he desired to hear them.

And then the resolution was rejected—yeas 39; nays 52.

The call for motions proceeded, by counties, and bills were introduced—

By Mr. HUGHES, a bill to authorize the County Court of Union county, to sell a portion of the public square in Morganfield: referred to a select committee.

By same, a bill to extend the powers and jurisdiction of the Police Judge of the town of Morganfield: select committee.

By same, (in behalf of the gentleman from Campbell, Mr. ROOT,) a bill to amend the road law of Campbell county: referred to a select committee.

By same, a bill to change and re-model the Judicial Districts of the Commonwealth, so as to equalize the labor of the Circuit Judges: select committee.

By Mr. MILLS, a bill for the benefit of the County Court of Wayne county: Judiciary committee.

By same, a bill providing for an additional Constable in Wayne county: referred to a select committee.

The call of the counties for motions, &c., being now through.

Mr. L. COMBS, (in behalf of Mr. Speaker UNDERWOOD,) had leave to introduce the following bills, to-wit:

A bill to authorize the Trustee of the Craddock Fund, to surrender his trust, and to appoint other trustees; which was referred to the committee on Education.

A bill to incorporate the Barren River Navigation and Manufacturing Company, and for other purposes: Internal Improvement.

A bill authorizing the improvement of the streets and alleys in the town of Bowling-Green, and for other purposes: Propositions and Grievances.

Mr. E. SMITH, (in behalf of the gentleman from Whitley, Mr. BRAUNER,) had leave to introduce the following bills, to-wit:

A bill to repeal the act establishing an election precinct in Whitley county: referred to the committee on Privileges and Elections.

A bill for the benefit of John Roades: referred to a select committee.

A bill to improve the Whitley State road: committee on Internal Improvement.

Mr. J. S. SMITH, (in behalf of the gentleman from Clay, Letcher, and Perry, Mr. Begley,) had leave to report from a select committee, to-wit:

An act for the benefit of the Sheriff of Perry county:

allows time to collect his revenue till the first week in May next.

The bill being read and the 2d reading dispensed, Mr. L. COMBS moved its reference to the committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. J. S. SMITH was informed, he said, that unless the bill passed to-day the advantage sought by it would be lost. The Sheriff, he understood, had only qualified on the first Monday in December, and that circumstance with the inclemency of the weather, perhaps, had rendered it impossible for him to collect. He referred also to the difficulty of obtaining good men to accept of that office in those counties of spare inhabitants, and urged that the advantage of retaining the present incumbent ought not to be lost to the State and county. He would not object to the reference if the committee could report to-day. But for himself he did not know what could be effected by giving it to the committee on Ways and Means. It would certainly affect the ways and means of the petitioner, and most probably remove him from the sheriffalty. It was his earnest preference that the House would pass the bill.

The motion to commit was then lost; and the bill passed.

Mr. E. SMITH moved to dispense with the order for reports, and go into committee of the Whole on the Convention bill.

Mr. J. S. SMITH opposed: and the motion was withdrawn.

## REPORTS FROM THE COMMITTEE ON CLAIMS.

Mr. HARDY, from the committee on Claims, reported adversely to the petition of Margaret Mitchell; but on motion of Mr. E. SMITH, the subject was re-committed.

Mr. HARDY, from the same committee, reported a bill for the benefit of Lois Smallwood—[composed for keeping a lunatic:] passed.

Mr. H. also reported a bill for the benefit of the Common School Fund, No. 3, in Caldwell county—[allowing the amount of money to which said district was entitled for having a school taught six months in the year 1844:] the bill being read, &c.

Mr. WORTHAM proposed to amend by adding a section to the effect, that all laws, and parts of laws, regulating the common schools, be and the same are hereby repealed.

But the SPEAKER refused to entertain the motion, and the bill passed.

## REPORTS FROM THE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE.

By Mr. HARLAN. An act concerning the Banks of Kentucky—[authorizing them to issue small notes:] passed.

By Mr. HARLAN. A bill to reduce the salaries of the Circuit Judges of this Commonwealth: reported without amendment, and with the expression of opinion that it ought not to pass.

Mr. H. moved that the bill be made the special order for Wednesday next.

Mr. HAGGARD proposed Tuesday.

Mr. J. S. SMITH. There were a number of projects to come before the House in connection with these officers of Government. One was to abolish the present Judiciary System; another was to reduce their salaries; and another to reduce their number—so many, if no more. Mr. S., as he was now advised, should vote for a reduction of their number; and if extra duties were imposed, he should vote also to increase their salaries. But he felt that he was not yet sufficiently informed on the subject, and to cast his vote now, would be voting too much in the dark. He proposed, therefore, that the subject be discussed at some time two weeks hence, when the House would be prepared to do so more advisedly. While he was an advocate for a sound Judiciary, he wanted the Judges to be well worked; and he would pay the laborer according to the amount of his work. But before he acted, he desired to await the development of all the propositions to be made on the subject, and then take them in group. He wanted facts and data for action. He believed in much reflection on all measures of this kind; and before the House acted he desired to have the clearest conviction that the measure to be carried would better our condition. It was natural for a man of his age to look to the guides of experience; and for the reason, perhaps, that his blood did not run so rapidly as that of younger men. But whatever might be the ardor of others, whatever might be their means of knowledge, their refinements upon the past, or their zeal for change and reform,—he should prefer still to look around him, and to rest his acts on the light and lessons of the past. But he would desire the concurrence of the House in this—to retrench in the matter of salaries as far as justice, and no further; and to pay the officer as much as his labor might be worth, and no more.

Mr. S. proposed that the subject be made the special order for Monday week; which was carried.

The SPEAKER now laid before the House the annual report of the Board of Internal Improvement; which was ordered to be printed.

The House then went into committee of the Whole on the Convention Bill, (Mr. BARLOW in the Chair,) when

Mr. WALLER, being entitled to the floor, proceeded to finish his argument in opposition to the bill. He was followed by Mr. FINNELL, in favor of the bill. The committee was also addressed at length in opposition to the bill by Mr. Speaker UNDERWOOD; and then,

On motion of Mr. HUGHES, the committee rose, reported progress, and obtained leave to sit again.

Mr. COX moved that the House now take a recess of one hour. But,

On motion of Mr. J. S. SMITH, the House adjourned till Monday morning, 10 o'clock.

CORRECTION.—In yesterday's proceedings, the resolution, instructing the committee on Religion with reference to applications for divorce, should have been attributed to Mr. McKELLUP.

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THURSDAY, January 8, 1846.

### THE CONVENTION BILL.—In Continuation.

Pending the consideration of the bill to provide for taking the sense of the people as to the expediency of calling a Convention—the House being in committee of the Whole, (Mr. BARLOW in the Chair)—and the bill having been reported by the Clerk.

Mr. E. SMITH said, that having introduced the bill before the committee, it would be expected of him to remark upon its merits. But he regretted that the state of his health would not allow him to say much. Last summer, during the canvass in his county, the question underwent a full discussion; and, as far as the public sentiment could be ascertained, a vast majority seemed to have come to the conclusion that the time had arrived when (in the language of that instrument) it was expedient to change the fundamental law of the land should be received with great caution; and the action of statesmen thereupon should always be slow and prudent. But when experience pointed out the necessity of amendment in the form of government, and where manifest defects exist, the statesman and patriot should not hesitate to make the requisite change; nor should he be driven from his purpose by the outcry of alarm against innovation. For his part, Mr. S. was not afraid to trust the Constitution again in the hands of the people who made it.

Mr. S. adverted to the length of time the present Constitution had existed as evidence of its want of adaptation to the present condition of the State. He also referred briefly to the demand for amendment in several branches of the State Judiciary—embraced in the proposition to make several offices elective; which he enforced with a few considerations. He then referred to what he denominated the curse of too much legislation, and the

importance of an amendment to authorize biennial or triennial sessions of the General Assembly. Mr. S. only glanced at these subjects, and sat down—being unable to proceed on account of indisposition.

Mr. POPE. The subject of a Convention was discussed by his colleague [Mr. Glover] and himself before the people last summer, and some excitement in its favor was manifested amongst the people of the city of Louisville, inasmuch as that, whilst a candidate, he was constrained to agree to vote for such a bill as was now before the House. That pledge he gave in writing; and now, upon this floor, he cheerfully made the avowal of his disposition and determination to redeem it.

Mr. ANTHONY proposed to amend by striking out the fourth section, which provides that the public printer furnish 5000 copies of this act for distribution among the counties, &c.

Mr. E. SMITH thought, if the act passed, it was desirable that it should be extensively read. He had copied that section from an old bill for the same object. But if gentlemen thought the number of copies too great, he was willing to amendment in that respect.

Mr. HARLAN saw no necessity for incurring expenses on this account. If the bill passed, gentlemen candidates would, of course, inform the people sufficiently of its character and provisions from the stump.

The amendment was then adopted.

Mr. DAYTON. By what he was about to propose, he would not commit himself in favor of the bill. Indeed, as at present advised, he was not favorable to its passage. He, however, held himself open to conviction on the subject; and if, in the course of the discussion of the bill, his mind should be changed, he would be at liberty to act accordingly. It was expedient, at all events, that the phraseology of the bill should be as proper and correct as the House could make it; and for that purpose he would propose several amendments:

Which amendments were severally read by the Clerk, and accepted by the gentleman from Rockcastle.

Mr. R. C. BOWLING had hoped that gentlemen of more experience would address the House. But, notwithstanding his youth and diffidence, he was constrained to signify his opposition to the bill. He regarded it as a blow aimed at the very foundations of our institutions. He was uncommitted on the subject, and did not fear to express his sentiments in regard to it. He conceded the existence of defects in the present Constitution; but no Constitution, no law of human enactment was perfect. In the present case he feared for the consequences of the remedy more than for the evils sought to be removed.

The act was to strike at the Judiciary—and that would be to tear away the great bulwark of our rights, and to demolish the proudest monument of the wisdom of our ancestors. If corruptions and mal-practices existed in this department, the means of redress were provided, &c.

Mr. B. continued for a few minutes speaking rapidly in a similar strain, and adverted to the slavery of the State as one of the secret objects against which the measure was directed, and took his seat with the remark that he had stood up more with the object to elicit discussion than to occupy the time himself.

Mr. ROOT said he was compelled to address the House by a sense of the duty which he owed to his constituents. Probably seven-eighths of the voters in Campbell county were in favor of amending the Constitution; and desired that an act should be now passed, referring the question to a vote of the people.

The State Constitution was established in 1792. Fifty-four years, with all the lights and improvements which they have developed, have since passed over us, and yet we are told that it would be dangerous to our liberties to have those hallowed principles which are at the base of our institutions, now referred back again to the source of all legitimate human authority. Such fears might be given out here; but he would like to see the man that would go into his own county and tell the people to their face, that it would be dangerous to refer a constitutional question to the source of all political power.

The people had a right to demand a Republican form of government, and he would ask gentlemen to tell the difference between some of the forms of our State government, and those of a similar character which exist in the monarchies of the old world. Their offices are held only for life, and ours are only for life.

It was alleged that corruptions and abuses had crept into the body politic, so as to intercept the just administration of the laws. Such matters he conceived to be referable to the fact, that, in many cases under our present Constitution, when men get once fairly seated in office, they feel that they may ride on the necks of the people until they commit some flagrant act in violation of the conceded and established rights and usages of social life. This was a grievous evil; and the language of complaint was heard against it throughout the Commonwealth. And there are our County Courts—a self-created and irresponsible body—a system, like the perpetual motion, which receives propulsion from no foreign source. These Justices appoint their own successors, and if they chose to do so, they could hold on for life. And was it not an almost universal cry, that they were often sadly inefficient and unfeeling. In many cases, as it might suit their humor or their interest, they would utterly refuse to attend to business. When a poor man would come to seek an officer, and desire him to attend to a small collection, if it did not suit his humor to proceed, he would draw himself up into the folds of his official dignity, and tell him, sir, I cannot be disturbed. I have no time now to be occupied with your affairs. And so the halls of justice were frequently closed against the citizen when he rapped at his gates.

Mr. R. felt bound to notice one question which he disliked even to name, but it had been thrust into the discussion as one which was likely to be used as the chief objection to the bill. He referred to the slavery question. There existed a sort of aristocracy of office, out of which had grown up a class of men of the ancient regime, who were determined to hold up this question as a kind of bugbear and scare-crow over our heads. But what, he would ask, had the abolitionists to do with the Constitution of Kentucky? What could they do? when the people had spoken definitely upon the subject, and said to them, thus far go, and no farther.

Similar objections to those which were urged against this bill, were urged in the times of the revolution against those heroes who rendered themselves illustrious by carving out our present Republican system, when they burst with the desire to pull down those ancient forms of monarchy.

Sir, should we still adhere to the few principles of latent kingcraft yet lingering in the Constitution, for fear of danger from innovation? No sir, this very principle would have kept these States in colonial vassalage to this day. But for this principle to throw off and expurgate from our institutions whatever may grow up in them that is manifestly wrong, our beloved land would still have supported the revenues and endured the oppressions of the British crown; and it was upon this principle that the people still held the right to say whether their form of government pleased them or not. Mr. R. would ask now for the objects to the bill to come forward. He would ask such a representative to rise in his place and let his declaration go forth, that he would be afraid to trust this question of a convention to the hands of his constituents. Let him allow the people to know that their representative here is afraid to refer these constitutional questions to the foundation and source of all political power, (for that, at last, was the only argument that could be found against the bill) and then let him set down and calculate the chances of occupying his place again.

Mr. R. would not consume time to look at the defects of the existing Constitution, and the lax-administration of justice in the judicial department under it. But he would have instituted in this department such a thorough reform, as the citizen would have hardly time to dash the dust from his feet while he waited for the award, of justice. When those who were charged with the execution of the laws should be made subject to the people, the government would assume a new life and energy, and purity would be the order of the day.

There were magistrates to his knowledge in some portion of the State, whose qualifications extended little beyond the ability to read and write, who were constantly placing themselves above their neighbors for the purpose of oppression; because they knew they were constitutional officers and could not be reached; and that was really true. A Justice of the Peace could not be broken in this Commonwealth. There was not a man in the House that had wealth enough to break one of them from his office, unless he would break his neck. [A laugh.]

## NOTICE.

ON FRIDAY, the 12th inst. I hired to a mulatto man named JOHN HOW, but better known by the nickname NICK BIDDLE, a dark bay horse, 15 hands high, a star in his face, both hind feet white, (and I think one of the fore feet) very heavy neck, black mane and tail, five years old, walks, trots and paces well. I will give a liberal reward for the horse or any information so that I can get him.

HENRY GILTNER.

Gov. Cass.—The General has given a new example of the impolicy of eagerness, and of pulling the pear before it was ripe. His late "War Speech" has diffused undissembled disgust among many even of his own party. If he had any prospect of the Presidency before, it is now clearly defunct. The conviction, we believe, is universal that his speech was made for 1848.

## The New York Express says:

Gen. Cass's war speech, instead of bolstering him up for the Presidency, as he intended, has inflicted upon his prospects a severe blow. Formerly he had many, if not political, strong personal friends in the Whig party, and undoubtedly he commanded the suffrages of many leading and thinking men of his own. These in both parties, he has shocked if not disgusted. This trafficking for the Presidency by arts to inveigle two nations into the butchery of each other, has deeply shocked all moral and upright men. Gen. Cass has made a blunder, as well as committed a crime, in foolishly sacrificing such an important popularity. We foresaw that in the Senate he would make such blunders, and the probability now is, that before 1847, he will shove himself off the course by others as weak as this. Presidents now-a-days are not made in the Capitol on the Hill in Washington. Gen. Cass would have done better in Michigan, weeding his garden, and trimming his trees.

## And the N. Y. Herald:

"Mr. Cass's movement is regarded as entirely selfish, and therefore, destitute of all moral and political influence. His political friends of cool judgment, and good intentions, condemn it; and it will in the end, probably turn out to be one of those political blunders, which one of the statesmen at a court where Mr. Cass should have learned a more skillful diplomacy than he has practised since his return home, declared to be worse than a crime. A crime and blunder both it has been in Mr. Cass's case, for no criminal was ever more deliberate in his intentions to crush

# THE COMMONWEALTH, FRANKFORT, KY.

THO. B. STEVENSON, EDITOR.  
MONDAY, JANUARY 12, 1846.

**CORRECTION.**—In our little note on Saturday, of the bill introduced in the Senate on Friday, concerning slaves, we misapprehended one of its provisions. The bill did not make seditions publications and utterances, a Penitentiary offence, but a misdemeanor punishable by fine and imprisonment in the county jail till payment of fine. We published the bill the same day, a perusal of which would enable the reader to correct our misapprehension.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore paper says, when Mr. J. Q. Adams had finished his truly electrifying speech in favor of giving immediate notice to Great Britain to terminate the treaty for the joint occupancy of Oregon, a Locofoco member from Indiana, exclaimed—"The old man will die in a blaze of glory!"

At an anti-tax meeting in Carroll county, Maryland, after kicking, shooting and hanging the tax collector, in effigy, the following resolution was passed:

**Resolved,** That it is the opinion of this meeting that any man who would undertake to collect the State tax for the benefit of European or American stock-gamblers, and speculators, would bottle the sunshine, and hunker out the dew of Heaven.

## SHEEP AND DOGS.

MR. COLLINS:—Upon a recent visit to the country I heard very serious complaints made by the farmers, in various quarters, of the destruction of their sheep by dogs. A great many of them have suffered heavy losses in this way, particularly in the neighborhood of Maysville. You have done right in calling public attention to the subject. Now that the members of the Legislature are in session it ought to be brought home to them. Some effective law should be passed to arrest the evil. For it has almost come to the pass when the question must be decided, whether the raising of sheep shall be stopped or the number of dogs greatly diminished. Surely, if there is to be a sacrifice of either, it should be the dogs.

The State pays a premium for wolf-skins, because of the ravages of that animal among the sheep. There are fifty sheep killed by dogs where there is one by wolves. And yet nothing is done to prevent it. In Ohio sheep are exempted from taxation, in order to encourage their growth. If our Legislature can do nothing else it should certainly clear out all encumbrances to their growth. Let this be done by limiting the number of dogs which each farmer may have upon his place, to a certain number (I think one would be enough), and imposing a heavy tax upon all over that number. Such a law, if properly executed, would have a very considerable tendency to stop the evil, and would give general satisfaction. Some persons think this is a matter of no consequence. But if they were farmers, and for two or three nights in succession should lose some dozen or two of their finest sheep, they would soon wake up to a sense of its importance.

A CITIZEN.

"THE ORGAN."—The Albany Correspondent of the New York Herald, again asserts that Edwin Crosswell, Editor of the Albany Argus, is about to proceed to Washington to edit the "Organ." The Herald, ever dwelling upon the blunders of the "Organ," may suppose such aid necessary, and therefore thinks it will be given.

There is the closest affinity between the political characters of Ritchie and Crosswell! Both can turn a corner with any man in America! Both are worshippers of the majority and the "Socks." Both swear by Jefferson and '93, but never fail to support every measure, however arbitrary and latitudinarian, which party interest calls for, and their President wishes. Each abused Gen. Jackson most unmercifully, when in 1824, his prospects were hopeless. Each vied with the other in singing peans to him when he became omnipotent; and in ranking him among the Gods when he was dead. In demagoguism, cant, disingenuousness, and systematic dependance of the ready dupes, the bulk of their readers, the United States could not have furnished another so dead a match. A cautious and adroit cunning, constitutes the capital in talents of each.

Richmond Wig.

The Charleston Mercury, one of the ablest papers in the U. S. albeit of the Democratic party, thus speaks of the Oregon question:

We have copied from the N. Y. Courier & Enquirer, an extended analysis of several leading articles of the London Times, which are suspected on very plausible ground, to have emanated from the British Cabinet. They possess therefore a peculiar interest. These articles show at once the danger to which peaceful relations are exposed, and the case with which they might be preserved. The British government desires to compromise and settle the dispute—but it has determined to meet aggression with resistance.

On our side all is extreme. We give to our opponent every advantage—we hasten to load ourselves with every prejudice—we set at defiance the opinion of the world—we mock our pretensions to be a peace-loving nation. After having occupied Oregon in common with England for nearly thirty years, the President declares it all belongs to us, and Mr. Douglas in the House offers resolutions affirming the same and repelling the suggestion of arbitration. After having offered to England an adjustment less favorable than we had three times offered before, Mr. Cass in the Senate makes it a point of honor that we should never recede an inch from that. Other Senators use language full of menace and insult to England. If we cannot recede from our offer, without disgrace, neither can England from hers; and thus a case is made to grow out of the peaceful common occupancy of an obscure corner of the earth by two great nations, in which neither can take a step towards adjustment, without being dishonored! This is monstrous!

**NEW ENGINE OF WAR.**—We find the following in the Baltimore American of the 30th:

We copied a paragraph from the New York Sun a day or two ago, stating that a gentleman of that city had invented a powerful engine for harbor defence. The New York Herald has quite an extended notice of the invention, which is said to be simply a modification of the principle of the sling, applied to machinery, in connection with a tube or gun, throwing out a discharge of thirty balls in a minute, for hours together. The machine is so constructed, that on putting in at one end the balls to be discharged, a rotary motion is produced by means of a crank, and, by a few rapid revolutions, each ball receives a force and momentum equal to that communicated by any quantity of gunpowder. When this has been done, a slide starts and allows each ball to escape in succession from the chamber into a tube, when they are thrown to almost any distance, and with unerring aim. The inventor is Mr. McCarty, a gentleman connected with the navy yard at Brooklyn.

We congratulate the press upon a triumph which has been achieved in the Court of the Correction of Errors, in the reversal, by a vote of fifteen to five, of a judgment obtained by J. FENNIMORE COOPER against the late Col. W. L. STONE, for libel.

The suit was pending when Col. Stone died; and, instead of being discontinued, as was natural to suppose, was prosecuted against his widow. We will not say that, in resisting a very earnest appeal from Col. Stone's counsel and widow that this suit might end with the life of the defendant, there was any want of the "common feelings of humanity," because Mr. Cooper would again sue us for a libel, and Judge Gridley would again decide that for such libels there is no justification. But we may, and will say, rejoicingly, that our highest judicial tribunal has put a quietus upon one of Mr. J. Fennimore Cooper's libel suits.—*Albany Evening Journal.*

**IMPORTANT DECISION.**—Judge POPE, of the United States District Court for Illinois, has decided, in case where a tax-title was set up against the tenant, that a sale made under the revenue law of 1835 and 1839, where the sale had been made by one sheriff and the deed executed by his successor in office, was invalid and conferred no title; there being no authority in the law for the second sheriff to execute a deed for lands sold by his predecessor. The decision, if sustained by the United States Supreme Court, will affect many titles through the State.

**THE SOUTH CAROLINA FAMINE.**—With every succeeding week the accounts from South Carolina, of the extent to which the provision crops of that State have been destroyed by the droughts of last season, become more alarming. The first and immediate effects which it has produced has been the hasty emigration of those whose necessities were stronger than the ties which bound them to their hearths. From the district of Spartanburg alone it is ascertained that upwards of two thousand persons have fled from the destitution which awaited them, to seek in the West some means of support. The condition of those who remain may be conceived, when it is known that in the whole district not more than one-sixth of the usual provision has been made, while in many neighborhoods there are entire fields which have produced scarcely a single ear of corn. In this calamity several of the adjoining districts have shared, and, though perhaps not to the same extent, yet so great is the destitution that they are unable to provide for the sufferers among themselves, much less for those in other districts.

**A FATHER'S CARE FOR HIS SON.**—Beautiful and becoming in the eyes of the paternal God, is the unwearied attachment of the parent to the child! Alas! how little does the unthinking spirit of youth know of the extent of its devotedness. There sits the froward, fretful indolent boy. The care that keeps perpetual watch over his moral and physical safety, he misnames unjust restriction. The foresight that denies itself many a comfort to provide for his future wants, he denounces as sordid avarice. He turns from his father's face in coldness or in anger. Boy! boy! the cloud upon that toil-worn brow has been placed there by anxiety, not for self, but for an impatient, peevish son, whose pillow he would gladly strew with roses, though thorns should thicken around his own. Even at the moment when his arm is raised to inflict chastisement on his folly, thou shouldst bend and bless thy parent. The heart loathes the hand that corrects thy errors; and not for worlds would he use the rod of reproof, did he not perceive the necessity of crushing his own feelings, to save thee from thyself.—*Amulet*, 1829.

**"THE BARE-FOOTED PRINTER BOY."**—The Pittsburgh Morning Aerial, under this caption, gives a short history of a distinguished citizen of Pennsylvania, as follows:

Some thirty years ago, a bare-footed boy floated down the Susquehanna river on a humble raft, and arrived at Harrisburg, Penn. He came from the North and belonged to a large family, with all his worldly goods tied up in a little pocket handkerchief; he sought and obtained employment in a printing office as an apprentice. From an apprentice to a journeyman, from a journeyman to a reporter, then an editor, the bare-footed printer boy worked his way against obstacles which the struggling poor only know. The persevering follower in Franklin's steps began to realize the fruits of his patient toil and privation. The young aspirant became Printer to the State, and by frugal management was soon enabled to accomplish the object nearest to his heart—the establishment of his mother in a home above want—in the possession of every comfort she could desire.

If a brother next were his care, and like Napoleon, he had a strong arm with which to aid them—an indomitable perseverance that nothing could long successfully obstruct. In a few years, they too with his sisters, were independent of the world—the once bare-footed printer boy was in possession of affluence, surrounded by a young and affectionate family. He did not stop here. He was the friend of the friendless, the patron of merit, and the encourager of industry. He rose in honor and in office, until the poor bare-footed printer boy, who entered a printing office in Harrisburg, hungry and weary, laid down his little bundle on a pile of wet paper, and asked to become a printer's apprentice, was elected Senator in Congress! That man is SIMON CANERON, of Pennsylvania.

**ATTENTION! MECHANICS!**—The Washington correspondent of the Richmond Enquirer gives the following paragraph which explains itself—read it:—Mr. Johnson, of Tenn., is one of the most remarkable men of the day, yet young for his position, (being about 40,) his sound sense, general acquirement, excellent delivery, always insure him an attentive hearing, however wearied the House may be with previous speeches. He is a tailor by trade, and, if I am rightly informed, still carries on the shop at home. His wife taught him to read and write after his marriage! His high standing in Congress is the strongest illustration of the tendency of our institutions that I know of. Native mind and labor, aided by the opportunities which are at the command of every citizen, have made him what he is.

**SPEAKERS OF THE HOUSE.**—We copy from the Albany Argus a table giving a list of the Speakers of the lower House of Congress from the year 1789:

1789 to 1791,	Frederick A. Muhlenberg, Pa.
1791 to 1793,	John Trumbull, Conn.
1793 to 1797,	Frederick A. Muhlenberg, Pa.
1797 to 1798,	Jonathan Dayton, N. J.
1798 to 1801,	Theodore Sedgwick, Mass.
1801 to 1807,	Nathaniel Macon, N. C.
1807 to 1811,	Joseph B. Varnum, Mass.
1811 to 1814,	Henry Clay, Ky.
1814 to 1815,	Langdon Cheves, S. C.
1815 to 1820,	Henry Clay, Ky.
1820 to 1821,	John W. Taylor, N. Y.
1821 to 1823,	Philip P. Barbour, Va.
1823 to 1825,	Henry Clay, Ky.
1825 to 1827,	John W. Taylor, New York.
1827 to 1835,	Andrew Stevenson, Va.
1835 to 1837,	John Bell, Tenn.
1837 to 1839,	James K. Polk, Tenn.
1839 to 1841,	Robert M. T. Hunter, Va.
1841 to 1843,	John White, Ky.
1843 to 1845,	John W. Jones, Va.
1845 to	John W. Davis, Ind.

**FACTS WORTHY OF NOTICE.**—It is a fact, that nine-tenths of the inmates of our Poor-Houses were brought there directly or indirectly by the use of intoxicating drinks.

It is a fact, that three-fourths of all the convicts in our State Prisons, were hard drinkers previous to the commission of the crimes for which they are now imprisoned.

It is a fact, that the greatest sufferers from disease, and those whose maladies are the most difficult to cure, are those who are addicted to the use of intoxicating drinks.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

**RAVAGE OF PLAGUES.**—The Plague in 1847, destroyed 50,000 of the inhabitants of London; 1407, 30,000 persons were swept off in the same city by the same scourge; and 1601, one-fourth of the whole population died from the awful pestilence. It next visited Constantinople in 1611, when 20,000 persons died of it. In 1665, it again visited London, taking off 68,000 persons. In Bossora, 1778, 80,000 were destroyed by it. In Smyrna, 1784, 30,000. In Tunis, 1785, 32,000. In Egypt, 1792, 50,000, and in 1814, 30,000.

**MARYLAND.**—The Legislature of the State of Maryland convened at Annapolis, agreeably to law, on Monday last, and on the following day both Houses were duly organized for business.

The Senate re-elected William Williams as the President of that body, and Joseph H. Nicholson Clerk; and the House of Delegates chose as its Speaker William S. Waters, and George G. Brewer, Clerk. There are Whig majorities in both branches of the Assembly.

**NATIVE AMERICAN THUNDER.**—The Vicksburg Intelligencer recalls the story of a quiet, but enthusiastic Yankee, who, some years since, was travelling in a mail coach with two Englishmen, who annoyed him very much by running down every thing they saw in the country, and freely determining that every thing in England was decidedly superior. Jonathan bore it, but impatiently. After some time a thunder storm broke over them—the horses dashed off in alarm, and the Englishmen were nearly dead with fright, when suddenly a bolt of lightning struck the two near horses, killing them instantly and arresting the stage, which, in the sudden plunges of the leaders, was upset. Jonathan was the first to come out, and as the Englishmen crawled out, badly hurt and half dead with fear, he exclaimed, "There, gad darn ye, have ye any better thunder than that?"

**SORE THROAT.**—We have known several instances in which this distressing complaint, even in its worst stages, has been immediately alleviated and speedily cured by the following remedy: Mix a penny-worth of pounded camphor with a wine glass of brandy, pour a small quantity on a lump of sugar, and allow it to dissolve in the mouth every hour. The third or fourth generally enables the patient to swallow with ease.—*Medical Journal.*

**MARRIED.**—On the evening of the 6th inst., by the Rev. Wm. R. Chesney, Wm. E. Butler, of Lake Providence, La., to Miss HENRIETTA C. EVERETT, daughter of S. D. Everett, Esq., of Mt. Sterling.

**DIED.**—On the 12th of December last, at the residence of his father, in Fayette county, Mr. AUGUSTUS W. only son of Jacob Hughes, Esq., aged about 27 years.

**NOCK, RAWSON & CO.,**  
Main Street, opposite the Bank of Louisville,  
LOUISVILLE, KY.  
AGENTS for the sale of every description of Virginia, Kentucky, and Missouri MANUFACTURED TOBACCO, and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries, Foreign and Domestic Liquors, Wines, &c.

**1020 BOXES VIRGINIA TOBACCO,** embracing many of the most superior and favorite brands, in store and for sale very low, by  
Main St., opposite Bank Louisville.

**LAST NOTICE, POSITIVELY.**  
WE have heretofore notified the public of our obligations to the State, to settle up in full each year, and have requested those having accounts with us, to settle them on or before the 1st day of November annually, to enable us to meet our engagements as aforesaid. We are now compelled to say positively and for the last time, that those indebted to us previous to the 1st day of November last, must come forward forthwith, and close their accounts up to that date, or we shall certainly place them in the hands of an officer for collection.

CRAIG & HENRY,  
Jan. 12, 1846—lawlmd. Agents and Keepers Ky. Penit.

**WOODRUFF & McBRIDE,**  
LOUISVILLE, KY.  
KEEP constantly on hand, a general assortment of HARDWARE AND CUTLERY. Also, Manufacturers of PLAINES of every description. All orders filled at the shortest notice.

**VALUABLE LAW BOOKS!**  
SECOND HAND.  
I HAVE on hand, for sale, the Library of a retired Lawyer, comprising many rare and valuable works, which I will sell low. Persons desirous of purchasing, will please give me a call.  
WM. M. TODD, No. 1, Switzer's Row.

**DODD'S FASHIONABLE HAT STORE,**  
111 Main Street,  
THREE DOORS BELOW FOURTH STREET,  
CINCINNATI.

The hat is acknowledged to be an important part of dress; therefore it becomes interesting to learn where a genteel, well made article can be procured. I invite the citizens of Frankfort, and vicinity, who may visit Cincinnati, to call and examine the quality, style and finish of my hats; feeling confident that I can give satisfaction.

Wm. Dodd.

January 12, 1846.

**LOST, between the Bridge and the Capitol, a Lady's GOLD BREAST PIN, with a yellow stone set. The finder will be thanked, on leaving information at the office of the Commonwealth.**

**"BY INDUSTRY WE THRIVE."**  
H. G. BANTA, House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter, Main St. Street, (over Boyer's Store), Frankfort, Ky. All kinds of house painting, and all kinds of Marble neatly executed.

**FOR LOUISVILLE.**  
SUNDAY AND WEDNESDAY PACKET  
TO LOUISVILLE, by the Steamer TOM METCALFE,  
JOHN A. HOLTON, Master, leaves above regularly at 9 o'clock, A. M.  
Apply to  
January 10, 1846—d&w-tf. JOHN WATSON & CO.

**REGULAR PACKET.**  
The Steamer BLUE WING, Captain H. I. Toon, leaves Frankfort for Louisville every Tuesday and Friday mornings.  
Leaves Louisville for Frankfort and Woodford Landing every Wednesday at 12 o'clock.  
Leaves Louisville for Frankfort and Monday's Landing every Saturday at 12 o'clock.

**THE BRUEN HOUSE,**  
(FORMERLY DUDLEY HOUSE)  
Is now kept by OWEN W. GRIMES, in a better and cheaper manner than any Hotel was ever kept before in the City of Lexington, Ky.  
Meals, each . . . . . 25c.  
Lodging, each . . . . . 25c.  
Board, per day . . . . . \$1.00  
Fire, . . . . . 25c.  
If request Travelers and Ladies to call and stay with me at least once.  
January 9, 1846.

**FRESH FRUITS, &c.**  
ORANGES, Figs, M. Raisins, Spiced Onions, in whole and half cases, &c. &c., just received and for sale at No. 8, St. Clair street, by  
(Jan. 9) G. W. LEWIS.

**BAILEY & HARTWELL,**  
WHOLESALE GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
No. 47, MAIN STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO.  
January 1, 1846

**TAYLOR & ELLIS,**  
No. 23, PEARL STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO.  
THE attention of Merchants from Kentucky is invited to our stock of DRY GOODS at wholesale.  
January 1, 1846

**FOR SALE.**  
A NEGRO WOMAN, a first rate house servant, 23 or 24 years of age, with two children. Enquire at this office.  
January 7, 1846. B.

**GENUINE HOARHOUND TAPPEY.**—The best article for Coughs and Colds ever offered for sale here, always on hand at No. 8, St. Clair street, by  
January 6, 1846. G. W. LEWIS.

**PLUMBE NATIONAL DAGUERREAN GALLERY.**

PROF. PLUMBE proposes having a DAGUERREAN GALLERY opened in this city, on the 20th inst., on St. Clair street, over Person & Merrivether's Confectionery, to be conducted by E. JAMES BENNETT, where he will be gratified to wait upon all those who may be desirous of securing a perfect likeness, warranted durable, and possessing all the distinctness and brilliancy of relief of a good painting. In proof of this you need but call at his room and examine for yourselves his specimens. Ladies and Gentlemen are earnestly requested to take the trouble of calling at his rooms. They will afford him a pleasure in having the honor of waiting upon them, either in exhibiting specimens, or in receiving their sittings.

**FOUNDED 1840.**  
Awarded the Medal, *Exposition Universelle*, and *Two Highest Honors*, by the Institutes of Massachusetts, N. York, and Pennsylvania, respectively, for the most beautiful Colored Daguerreotypes, and best apparatus ever exhibited.

No. 23, Main st., adjoining the Northern Bank of Kentucky Louisville, Ky.  
No. 251, Broadway, New York.  
No. 15, Court street, Boston.  
No. 176, Chestnut street, Philadelphia.  
No. 122, Baltimore street, Baltimore.  
Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, D. C.  
Lyons Hall, Alexandria, D. C.  
No. 36, Canal street, New Orleans.  
No. 127, Vieille Rue du Temple, Paris.  
No. 32, Church Street, Liverpool.  
Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.  
Main Street, Dubuque, Iowa.  
Main Street, between 4th and 5th, east side, Cincinnati.  
Broadway, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.  
Down's Buildings, Albany.  
Middle Street, Portland, Me., and  
Main Street, New York, R. I.

**REMARKS.**—We have been no inattentive observer of the progress of this novel art, and we are free to say from what we have seen, and personally examined, that Mr. Plumb has succeeded in this art so as to surpass all others in the line in this country.—*N. Y. Herald.*  
"Mr. Plumb has brought the Daguerreotype to absolute perfection; and miniature painting, we regret to say, is scarcely heard of since the admirable specimens of this artist have become known."—*Examiner.*  
"A photograph of a lady by Professor Plumb, is the finest thing of the kind we have ever seen."—*Phil. Pub. Ledger.*

**WALKER'S NEW CITY EXCHANGE AND RESTAURANT.**

PEARL OR THIRD STREET, BETWEEN MAIN AND MARKET, LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.  
AT this establishment can be had all the Luxuries and Delicacies of the season. Files of papers, from the principal cities of the Union, are kept for the accommodation of strangers and others.

**CO-PARTNERSHIP.**

THE subscribers have formed a co-partnership, and will continue the WHOLESALE DRUG BUSINESS, on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, in the store-house recently occupied by Messrs. Lewis & Wilkes, under the firm of ROBINSON, PETER & CARLY, and the retail branch of the business at the old stand, Market street, between 3d and 4th streets, under the firm of PETER, ROBINSON & CO.

January 1, 1846.

**ROBINSON, PETER & CARLY, Wholesale Dealers in Drugs, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Tobacco, Window Glass, &c.** North side of Main street, two doors below Fourth, have a large and complete stock of articles in their line, and will soon be enabled to supply the large spring supplies, purchased of importers and manufacturers at the eastern cities, by one of the firm, upon the best terms.

We invite our old friends and customers, and dealers generally, to call upon us, or give us a call, assuring them that we can offer every inducement our market affords.

Louisville, Jan. 1, 1846

**BOOKS, STATIONERY, WALL PAPER, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c.**

**CHARLES MARSHALL,**  
(SUCCESSOR TO A. T. SKILLMAN, LEXINGTON, KY.)  
WOULD call attention to his Law, Medical, Theological, School, and Miscellaneous Books, as being one of the most extensive in the Western country, and which he offers as low, if not lower, than any other house in the West.

His MISCELLANEOUS STOCK comprises a very large assortment of the Standard Literature, as well as nearly every work which has issued from the press during the past year.

The MEDICAL STOCK is very complete—comprising nearly every American Work, including many new and valuable works, as being one of the most extensive in the Western country, and which he offers as low, if not lower, than any other house in the West.

The SCHOOL STOCK embraces all those books used in the various Schools throughout the State. All the current Literature of the day received by express, as soon as published.

**MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS**—a large assortment, comprising, Violins, Guitars, Flutes, Pipes, Accordions, Bass Violins, and Guiteras, &c.

In STATIONERY will be found a large assortment of Writing and Letter Papers, Steel Pens, Inks, Quills, Sealing Wax, &c., as well as a full assortment of STATIONERY, such as Envelopes, Note Papers, Rapiers, Motto Seals, Motto and other Wafers, Penknives, Scissors, Albums, &c., &c.; Ladies' Rosewood and other Writing Desks and Work Boxes; Globes 6 and 12 inch. BLANK BOOKS of various qualities.

C. M. would call particular attention to his stock of WALL PAPER, which includes several new and beautiful patterns, and which he offers as low as the same quality of Goods can be purchased for in any city West of the mountains.

Those persons who are unable to visit Lexington, and who entrust their commissions to C. M., may depend upon having them executed with the same fidelity that they could were they present. A liberal discount to country Merchants, Teachers, &c.

For sale cheap, a complete set of NILES' WEEKLY REGISTER, (a subscriber's copy) 41 vols. strongly bound.

January 1, 1846

**CHARLES S. BODLEY & CO.,**  
BOOKSELLER & STATIONER,  
MAIN STREET, LEXINGTON, KY.

KEEP constantly on hand, a large collection of LAW, MEDICAL, THEOLOGICAL, MISCELLANEOUS, and SCHOOL BOOKS; together with a beautiful assortment of STATIONERY, such as is usually kept in Bookstores—which they will sell as low, and upon as accommodating terms as any other establishment in the West. They request all persons desirous of purchasing articles in their line of business, to give them a call and examine their stock and prices.

January 1, 1846

**DR. LLOYD'S DRUG AND CHEMICAL STORE,**  
AT THE OLD STAND ON MAIN STREET, FRANKFORT.

Constantly on hand, (at wholesale and retail) a full stock of DRUGS, CHEMICALS, MEDICINES, Surgical Instruments, Patent Medicines, &c.

**STEALERS' Drug & Chemical Store,**  
OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE, FRANKFORT, KY.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, &c. &c. PATENT MEDICINES, superior OLD PORT and SHERRY WINES. The purity of every article warranted.

**CITY DRUG STORE,**  
NO. 1, MAIN STREET, CORNER OF ANN STREET, Opposite the Weisiger House, FRANKFORT, KY.

DR. W. L. CRITCHER would respectfully inform his customers and the public generally, that he has, at the above establishment, a large and general assortment of FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, DYE STUFFS, GLASS WARE, BRUSHES, SPICES, SOAPS, COSMETICS, PERFUMERY, (very extensive assortment), PURE WINES, LIQUORS, &c. &c. All of which will be sold at Wholesale or Retail, at very reduced prices for Cash, to prompt customers on the usual credit.

Prescriptions put up with neatness, care and accuracy. Medicines can be had at all hours of the night.

January 1, 1846

**FASHIONABLE BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTORY.**  
WILLIAM H. WOOD,  
St. Clair street, opposite Wm. M. Todd's Bookstore, Frankfort.  
HAS returned to Frankfort and established himself in the Boot and Shoe making business, in all its branches, he is now prepared to attend to any call in his line, on the shortest notice, and he flatters himself, that from many years experience in the above named business, he will be able to surpass for durability and style, in the West. He feels thankful for past favors, and hopes by prompt attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.

# Cincinnati Advertisements.

**THOMAS T. WHITEHEAD,**  
Manufacturers' Warehouse, No. 34, Main St., CINCINNATI, OHIO.

AGENTS for Bakewell, Pease & Co., Pittsburg, Plant Glass Manufacturers. Also, for P. McCormick's Pittsburg Hope Cotton Factory, is constantly supplied with large stocks of Goods made by the above houses. Also, a regular supply of Wm. McCully & Co., S. McKee & Co., and C. Ihmsen's imitation Crown, and best Cylinder Window Glass, all of which are sold at regular Factory rates, and the quality of the articles is equal to the best.

January 1, 1846

**DESILVER & BURR,**  
BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS, BINDERS & PRINTERS,  
112, MAIN STREET, (GASSETT BUILDINGS), CINCINNATI.

ARE Agents for the following valuable School Books, which they will supply at publishers' prices, in any quantity, viz: Mitchell's Geography and Atlas, Mitchell's Primary Geography, Mitchell's Geographical and Historical Education, appointed by Frost's History of the United States, Frost's American Speller, Goldsmith's History of England, Goldsmith's History of Greece, Goldsmith's History of Rome, Simson's Euclid, Guy's Astronomy and Keith on the Globes, Ross's Latin Grammar, Rudiman's Rudiments, Answorth's Latin Dictionary, Clark's Censor, Goldsmith's Natural History, Wirt's Life of Patrick Henry.

**OUTLINES OF HISTORY, FOR SCHOOLS.**  
The following series of Histories have been recently published in this country, and adopted into a large number of Schools in the east and in this city. The number of editions that have been published in London, is a sufficient guarantee of their merit; and that we would respectfully call the attention of teachers and others interested in the cause of Education thereto.

*Outlines of American History*, from the first discovery to the present time, for Families and Schools, with numerous Engravings and Questions for examination of Pupils.  
*Outlines of History of England*, for Families and Schools, with numerous engravings, published under the direction of the Committee of General Literature and Education, appointed by the Society for promoting Christian Knowledge, from the fourth London edition, with additions and questions.  
*Outlines of Roman History*, do do from the 9th London edition, with additions and questions.  
*Outlines of Grecian History*, do do

Constantly on hand, Miscellaneous Works for general or scientific reading. Theological Books, adapted to the wants of almost every religious denomination; embracing several editions of the Holy Bible, Protestant and Catholic Prayer Books, Family Prayers, Presbyterian Psalms and Hymns, Confessions of Faith, Methodist Hymns, &c.

The usual assortment of Medical Books, including the Text Books of the different Medical Colleges, used throughout the West, all of the latest editions.

*School Books* in general use, from the Primer to the highest classes of Mathematics.

Such Works as may be called for not on hand, if desired, will be forthwith sent for, from the respective publishers.

English, German and French Books imported from Europe. Particular attention given to furnishing public and private libraries. Their stock of Stationery comprises whatever is in daily use, such as Letter and Writing Paper, Quills, Steel Pens, Sealing Wax, Inkstands, Letter Cases, Slates, &c. These Goods have all been selected from the most approved manufacturers, and such additions are made as the consumers may from time to time require.

Our sales of *Law Books* having so much increased as to satisfy us that a demand exists for all the Legal Publications which have already appeared, or hereafter may be issued, in the eastern States, we trust the Bar, and the friends of the Law, will be enabled to learn that we can furnish their libraries at the shortest notice, with separate volumes, or complete sets of all the Reports, ancient and modern, together with any Treatises or other Publications they may desire. We assure them that our arrangements with eastern houses are such as to enable us to sell at a very small advance upon the publishers' prices.

We publish the WESTERN LAW JOURNAL, edited by T. WALKER and J. T. MOREHEAD. The third volume is now in the course of publication. From the fact of its having sustained itself thus far, is a sufficient guarantee of its merits. We trust the names of the Editors, T. WALKER and J. T. MOREHEAD,

**Miscellaneous.**  
**THE MAILS.**  
WESTERN MAIL—via Louisville, Ky.; arrives daily at 1 P. M., departs daily at 2 P. M.  
SOUTHERN MAIL—via Lexington, Ky.; arrives daily at 8 A. M., departs daily at 9 A. M.  
GEORGETOWN MAIL—arrives daily at 8 A. M., departs daily at 9 A. M.  
VERMONT MAIL—arrives Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 8 A. M., departs Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 2 P. M.  
SOUTHERN MAIL—via Harrodsburg, Ky.; arrives Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 1 P. M., departs Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 9 A. M.  
CARROLLTON MAIL—arrives Tuesdays and Saturdays, at 9 A. M., departs Sundays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 9 A. M.  
OWENTON AND NEW CASTLE MAIL—via River, in boats; arrives Sundays and Thursdays, with Carrollton Mail, at 9 A. M., departs Tuesdays and Fridays, with Carrollton Mail, at 9 A. M.  
LETTERS intended for the Western, Southern, Carrollton, Owenton and New Castle Mails, must be placed in the office by 7 o'clock and on the days of departure.  
LETTERS intended for the Eastern, Georgetown, and Versailles Mails, must be in by 12 M., on the days of departure.

**NORTHERN BRANCH BANK,**  
AT LEXINGTON.  
CHAPMAN COLEMAN—President.  
WILLIAM RICHARDSON—Cashier.  
W. R. CLIFTON,  
E. G. MCGINNIS,  
H. P. HART,  
E. H. LEWIS,  
R. B. HANAN,  
WILLIS RAINY.  
Directors.  
Discount Days—Mondays and Thursdays.

**BANK OF LOUISVILLE.**  
JOSHUA B. BOWLES—President.  
ALFRED THURSTON—Cashier.  
WM. W. WOODLEY,  
THOMAS S. SNEAD,  
WM. GAY,  
MICHAEL CODY,  
MATTHEW FERGUSON,  
THOMAS T. FERGUSON.  
Directors.  
Discount Days—Wednesdays and Saturdays.

**BRANCH BANK OF KENTUCKY,**  
AT FRANKFORT.  
THO. N. LINDSEY—President.  
E. H. TAYLOR—Cashier.  
E. P. LETCHER,  
A. S. PARKER,  
A. W. DUDLEY,  
DAVID THOMPSON,  
J. C. SWIGERT.  
Directors.  
Discount Days—Every Tuesday at 3 o'clock, P. M.

**NORTHERN BANK OF KENTUCKY,**  
AT LEXINGTON.  
JOHN TILFORD—President.  
M. T. SCOTT—Cashier.  
HENRY T. DUNCAN,  
MADISON C. JOHNSON,  
BENJAMIN GRATZ,  
FRANCIS R. HUNT,  
RICHARD HIGGINS,  
ABRAHAM T. SKILLMAN,  
EDWARD MACALESTER,  
JAMES W. COLEMAN.  
Directors.  
Discount Days—Tuesdays and Fridays.

**BANK OF KENTUCKY,**  
AT LOUISVILLE.  
VIRGIL MCKNIGHT—President.  
GEO. C. GWATNEY—Cashier.  
THOMAS SMITH,  
J. L. BEATTY,  
E. E. EWING,  
THO. ANDERSON,  
J. L. SHREVE,  
P. R. GRAY,  
JAMES TRABUE.  
Directors.  
Discount Days—Tuesdays and Fridays.

**JANUARY 1st, 1846.**  
**Madison Coach and Harness**



**MANUFACTORY,**  
WITH new arrangements, new advantages, new patterns and styles of work, with new and fresh supplies of stock, with modern improvements in more experience and practice, with more system, and still more anxious desires to please all who will favor us with a call. I acknowledge all past favors, and with a correct sense of my obligations to my numerous friends and patrons, I return my sincere thanks to all.  
To any person or families wanting, I will say I am prepared to build to order, the best Private or Clarence Coaches, Chariots, Landaus, Carriages, six, four, and two passenger Rockaways, Barouches, Phaetons, Buggies and Harness.  
No necessity is spared to please in every respect.  
May 20, 1845—653-by

For references and specimens of work, refer to Messrs. J. B. Baker, J. C. Woodburn, M. G. & J. D. Bugh, J. G. Marshall, and G. D. Fitzhugh—Madison, Ind.; Gov. Owens, Gen. Peter Bagley, and Mr. Jephtha Hudley—Frankfort, Ky.; Messrs. Thomas Smith, N. Gist, and J. P. Force—Henry county, Ky.; Mr. Parker, and Shelby Todd, Esq.—Shelby county, Ky.; Messrs. John McLane, and B. F. Baker—Jefferson co., Ky.; Messrs. James Taylor and Geo. Thompson—Mercer co., Ky.; Mr. Gray and Mr. N. Gist—Boyle co., Ky.; Capt. S. Berry, and Mr. Wm. Graddy—Woodford co., Ky.; Dr. J. B. and Mr. J. M. Payne—Scott co., Ky.; Mr. J. W. Hunt, and James Telford and F. K. Hunt, Esq.—Fayette co., Ky.; Dr. J. B. and Mr. John King—Bourbon co., Ky.; Judge Simpson, and J. Jackson—Clark co., Ky.; Messrs. Wm. Clarke and J. T. Travis—Jesseamine co., Ky.; and all others to whom I have sold work—all warranted, and my name to be found on every article.  
H. P. NEWELL, Madison, Ind.

**S. WEILER'S**  
GREAT WESTERN FASHIONABLE CLOTHING STORE,  
BROWN'S ROW, NO. 3, BELOW THE COMMONWEALTH OFFICE,  
Frankfort, Kentucky.  
HERE Fashionable and stylish clothing,  
Of art and taste combined;  
Each gorgeous dress is here displayed,  
To suit the varied mind;  
Here Coats, and Vests, and Pants you view,  
Of texture smooth and fine;  
All colored with each rainbow hue,  
To deck the Limb divine;  
And Scarfs of every beautiful dye,  
Artistic could trace;  
To please the taste, delight the eye,  
And trim the neck with grace;  
And splendid Cloaks made to a mode,  
To keep the body warm;  
The richest dress which Fashion's code  
Has given the modish form.  
Our ample stock we purchased low,  
And paid the time down;  
And thus can sell for less, we know,  
Than any one in town;  
Our matches Goods then call and see,  
And buy a splendid suit,  
For they shall fit you to a T,  
And shall be cheap to boot.  
Just try the new GREAT WESTERN stand,  
To please shall be our task,  
And when we're served with ready hand,  
The dimes—that's all we ask.  
N. B.—Now let all buyers call and try,  
They'll find what'er they seek,  
For WEILER gets a new supply  
OF CLOTHING every week.  
January 1, 1846

**DENTAL SURGERY.**  
W. H. DAVIS, resident Surgeon and Mechanical DENTIST,  
of Frankfort, Ky., being permanently located in this city, respectfully tenders his Professional Services to the citizens of this city and vicinity. Defective teeth should be filled before their beauty or symmetry is destroyed, and thereby not only render them ornamental, but useful the remainder of life.  
I am also prepared to insert ARTIFICIAL TEETH, upon the principle of Atmospheric Pressure, (when the circumstances of the case will admit it), after the latest and most approved method, with or without ARTIFICIAL GUMS, from one tooth to an entire set, and in a style not surpassed anywhere. Teeth set on pivot, cleaned, &c.  
N. B.—Now let all buyers call and try,  
They'll find what'er they seek,  
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January 1, 1846

**Frankfort Advertisements.**  
**J. S. WITHERS & Co.,**  
No. 4, SWIGERT'S ROW, ST. CLAIR ST., FRANKFORT,  
(Between Mansion House and Capitol.)  
DEALERS IN  
**FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,**  
January 1, 1846

**JAMES MONROE,**  
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.  
WILL attend diligently to any business which may be entrusted to him, in any of the Courts held in Frankfort and adjoining Counties. Collections made in any part of the State. Office in Old Bank corner, opposite Mansion House.  
January 1, 1846

**GEORGE CUNNINGHAM,**  
**SADDLE, TRUNK AND HARNESS MAKER,**  
(ONE DOOR ABOVE STEALY'S DRUG STORE).  
KEEPS constantly on hand a general assortment of every article in his line of business. His prices are reasonable, and he invites the public to give him a call.  
January 1, 1846

**WAGON MAKING, PLOUGH MAKING, & BLACKSMITHING.**  
**WM. WHITEHEAD,**  
WOULD inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to execute work in all the various branches of Wagon Making and Blacksmithing, at the lowest cash prices. He also makes improved Ploughs. He has employed experienced Workmen, and warrants his work. His shops are situated on High Street, where he will be pleased to see his friends.  
January 1, 1846

**TAYLOR & KENNAN'S**  
REGULAR AUCTION AND COMMISSION STORE,  
ST. CLAIR STREET, FRANKFORT.  
FOR the sale of DRY GOODS, BOOKS, FURNITURE, &c.  
Auction sales of Dry Goods regularly every Tuesday and Friday evenings, at half past six o'clock, and at such other times as may be necessary to close consignments.  
Goods, &c. sold at private sale at all times, and at reduced prices, for CASH.  
January 1, 1846

**GRAHAM'S LIVERY STABLE,**  
ANN ST., BETWEEN BROADWAY AND MAIN, NEAR THE WEISIGER HOUSE, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.  
**C. G. GRAHAM,**  
AT his old and well known stand, is prepared to keep Horses in tip-top style, and at the most moderate prices. First rate Buggies, Hacks, and Carriages constantly on hand for hire. Also, good Riding Horses, well rigged. He gives his personal attention to every thing connected with his Stable, and he knows that he is hard to beat in keeping Horses.  
January 1, 1846

**JOHN D. RAKE,**  
MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE THE MANSION HOUSE, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.  
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends that he is now carrying on the Cabinet Business, in all its various branches. He solicits patronage, and pledges himself to use every exertion to deserve it. Besides, he pledges himself to do better work, and at the same price, FOR CASH, as in the City of Cincinnati or Louisville. If you don't believe this, give him a trial, and the most skeptical shall be convinced.  
January 1, 1846

**BOONE HOUSE.**  
**THOMAS S. CARTER,**  
HAVING purchased the stock of H. Fox in the "Frankfort Restaurant," on the South West corner of Broadway and Lewis streets, in the town of Frankfort, and added thereto every thing to furnish a complete  
**COFFEE HOUSE,**  
has opened the same under the name of the BOONE HOUSE. He will at all times keep on hand a full assortment of choice Liquors, Wines, Ales, Porters, &c., and conduct a superior Coffee House, in which the lovers of good things will, at all seasons, and at all hours, day or night, be promptly supplied with every delicacy of Fish, Flesh and Fowl. Venison, Best Tongues, Birds, Oysters, and in short, every thing usual and unusual in such an establishment. His attention will be constant and unwearied; his terms satisfactory. He therefore hopes to receive a liberal share of public patronage.  
N. B. Lunch every day at 11 o'clock.  
January 1, 1846

**BROADWAY HOTEL.**  
CORNER OF BROADWAY AND ANN STREETS, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.  
**W. H. KENDALL,**  
WOULD inform his friends and the public that he is still the Proprietor of this well known tavern stand, and that his Table, Bar and Stables are kept up with the best market afford. He invites strangers and others to give him a trial, as he flatters himself that his accommodations are not inferior to either of the other public hotels in the place.  
January 1, 1846

**CONFECTIONERY, FRUIT AND VARIETY STORE,**  
No. 8, St. Clair Street, FRANKFORT, KY.  
**GEORGE W. LEWIS,** would inform his friends and the public, that he keeps always on hand a general assortment of articles in his line of business, such as Confectionery, Fruits, Nuts, Family Groceries, best Cheating Tobacco, best Spanish Cigars, of all kinds; Shaving Soaps, Hair, Tooth, and Civil Brushes, Combs, Cologne, &c. &c.; which he will sell very low for cash and see.  
January 1, 1846

**JACOB BEAVERSON,**  
**HOUSE CARPENTER AND JOINER.**  
Shop on Wilkinson street, between Main and Broadway.  
WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of this city and vicinity, that he carries on the above business in all its various branches. He keeps none but the best of workmen, and can therefore warrant his work. He has also a large stock of a liberal portion of public patronage.  
January 1, 1846

**NEW HAT & SHOE STORE,**  
CORNER OF MAIN AND ANN STREETS, FRANKFORT, KY.  
**S. BEER'S** has on hand, and is constantly receiving from the Eastern Manufacturers, fresh supplies of the most fashionable Boots and Shoes of every description, with a variety of Traveling Trunks, Carpet Bags, &c. &c.  
ALSO—A general assortment of Gentlemen's fine EOOTHS and SHOES, custom made, with a variety of FASHIONABLE HATS and CAPS, all of which will be sold low for Cash.  
January 1, 1846

**CAPITOL HALL COFFEE HOUSE,**  
CORNER OF ST. CLAIR AND BROADWAY STREETS, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.  
**JOHN COGLE,**  
HAVING purchased this old and well known Coffee House, is prepared to accommodate Gentlemen, singly or in great number, with every article in his line, at all hours of the day or night. In his bill of fare will be found  
BIRDS, OYSTERS—fresh or pickled,  
TURKEYS, FISH,  
PHEASANTS, SARDINES  
PIGS' FEET, CRAB, &c. &c.  
His Bar is furnished with the purest and best Liquors in the markets of Frankfort, Louisville, Cincinnati, and New Orleans, and as he intends to render to his patrons, the most complete and favorable line with their patronage, he flatters himself that he will serve up his articles to suit the taste of the most fastidious Epicures. He only wishes the members of the Legislature, transient visitors, and citizens generally to give him a call, and he is confident when they visit his house once, they will not go elsewhere to find the good things in his line. He also keeps on hand Cheating Tobacco and Cigars of the best brands.  
January 1, 1846

**WATCHES, JEWELRY, & C.**  
**J. F. & E. F. MEEK,**  
WOULD most respectfully inform the public that they continue at their old stand, where they now offer a beautiful and well selected assortment of Watches, and Jewelry, Cutlery, &c. of the latest fashions, which they are determined to sell as low as such articles can be had in any Western market. They also continue to repair Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry, in a manner which cannot fail to give satisfaction. All work done in this establishment warranted. Call and see.  
January 1, 1846

**NEW YORK LACE AND FANCY STORE,**  
(Opposite R. Knott's Dry Goods Store).  
MAIN STREET, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.  
C. BERRY would respectfully inform the citizens of Frankfort, that he keeps constantly on hand all kinds of Lace and Fancy Goods, such as Thread Lace and Edgings; Lisle and Ash-burton Laces and Edgings; Tarleton and Barred Mouselines, &c. &c. For sale at reduced prices.  
January 1, 1846

**VARIETY STORE,**  
No. 5, SWIGERT'S ROW, ST. CLAIR STREET, FRANKFORT.  
**DOXON & GRAHAM,**  
KEEP constantly on hand all kinds of FAMILY GROCERIES, of the best quality, which they will warrant. Cigars and Tobacco of the best brands and quality, &c. &c.  
Give them a call and try their articles.  
January 1, 1846

**KENTUCKY BATH HOUSE.**  
**Q. B. JONES,**  
FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER,  
Main street, Frankfort, Ky.  
Q. B. JONES is prepared to furnish Gentlemen with Warm Baths on Thursdays and Saturdays, in a style not surpassed by any Bathing Establishment in the West. He also keeps on hand Family articles for Gentlemen's wear.  
N. B. Fresh Blue Lick Water can also be had at his shop. He also has a preparation for cleaning the hair of Dandriff.  
January 1, 1846

**Frankfort Advertisements.**  
**WM. M. TODD,**  
**BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,**  
NO. 1, SWIGERT'S ROW, FRANKFORT, KY.  
OFFERS to the public a valuable lot of BOOKS, which he will sell at reasonable prices, and respectfully invites those desirous of purchasing, to give him a call. Among his stock may be found,  
LAW.  
Dumford & East's Reports,  
East's Report upon the  
Howard's Reports,  
Greenleaf on Evidence,  
Greenleaf's Overruled Cases,  
Starkie on Slander,  
Smith's Chancery Practice,  
Roberts on Frauds,  
Jones on Bailments,  
Pothier on Obligations,  
Adams on Ejectment,  
Story on Promissory Notes,  
Baile on Bailments,  
Story on Agency,  
Story's Equity Pleadings,  
Story's Equity Jurisprudence,  
Story's Conflict of Laws,  
Tolers' Law of Executors,  
Thomas' Coke,  
ALSO—MORRIS & BROWN and LORCHMONGER'S DIGEST.  
HISTORICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.  
Hme, Smollett & Miller's Eng.  
Alison's Europe,  
Guzot's Gibbous Rome,  
Cooper's Naval History,  
Joseph's History of the Jews,  
Gizot's History of Civilization,  
Mrs. Ellis' Prose Works,  
Milton's Speeches,  
Stem's Works,  
Tatler and Guardian,  
Hiers' French Revolution,  
Goldsmith's Animated Nature,  
The Federalist,  
Byron's Works,  
Shakespeare's Works,  
Poets and Poetry of America,  
Heman's Poems,  
Landon's do  
Auntie's do  
Burns' do  
Cowper's do  
Scott's Poems,  
Milton's do  
Campbell's do  
Ossian's do  
Collins, Gray, Beattie,  
Goldsmith's Poems, Plays, &c.  
Dante's Vision,  
Eliza Cook's Poems.  
RELIGIOUS.  
Jew's Letter to Voltaire,  
Buck's Religious Anecdotes,  
Smyth & Ecles' Republicanism,  
Hist. of Westminster Assembly,  
Christian's Choice of Quotations,  
Chalmers' Sermons,  
Difficulties of Romanism,  
Anthony's Classical Dictionary,  
Lempier's do  
Anthony's Grk. & Roman Antiq.  
Leverett's Latin Lessons,  
Ainsworth's do  
Latin Grammars,  
Latin Readers,  
Anthony's Virgil,  
ALSO, Geographies, Grammars, Histories, Arithmetics, School Readers, &c., by various authors.  
January 1, 1846

**POETICAL.**  
Scott's Poems,  
Milton's do  
Campbell's do  
Ossian's do  
Collins, Gray, Beattie,  
Goldsmith's Poems, Plays, &c.  
Dante's Vision,  
Eliza Cook's Poems.  
**RELIGIOUS.**  
Jew's Letter to Voltaire,  
Buck's Religious Anecdotes,  
Smyth & Ecles' Republicanism,  
Hist. of Westminster Assembly,  
Christian's Choice of Quotations,  
Chalmers' Sermons,  
Difficulties of Romanism,  
Anthony's Classical Dictionary,  
Lempier's do  
Anthony's Grk. & Roman Antiq.  
Leverett's Latin Lessons,  
Ainsworth's do  
Latin Grammars,  
Latin Readers,  
Anthony's Virgil,  
ALSO, Geographies, Grammars, Histories, Arithmetics, School Readers, &c., by various authors.  
January 1, 1846

**CLASSICAL AND SCHOOL.**  
Anthony's Horace,  
Anthony's Caesar,  
Anthony's Latin Lessons,  
Donovan's Greek Lexicon,  
Greeks' Greek Lexicon,  
Greek Grammars,  
Greek Readers.  
ALSO, Geographies, Grammars, Histories, Arithmetics, School Readers, &c., by various authors.  
January 1, 1846

**FRANKFORT COACH MANUFACTORY.**  
**J. J. QUIN,**  
HAVING made the necessary arrangements, is now prepared to build all kinds of work in his line, such as Coaches, Carriages, Buggies, Phaetons, &c. &c. His shop can be found at the South East corner of Ann street, and is the shop formerly connected to the stage line.  
All kinds of repairing done on the shortest notice and in the best manner. He solicits patronage.  
January 1, 1846

**WM. MATTHEWS,**  
**FASHIONABLE TAILOR.**  
MAIN STREET, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.  
IS prepared to make all kinds of Gentlemen's wear in the most elegant style of taste and fashion.  
January 1, 1846

**WM. BRIDGES,**  
**FASHIONABLE TAILOR.**  
No. 3, SWIGERT'S ROW, ST. CLAIR STREET, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.  
IS prepared to make all kinds of Gentlemen's wear in the most elegant style of taste and fashion.  
January 1, 1846

**JOSEPH W. ALLEN—TAILOR,**  
TWO DOORS FROM MAIN, ON LEWIS STREET, FRANKFORT, KY.  
IS prepared to execute work in his line in the neatest style and most fashionable manner.  
January 1, 1846

**EMPORIUM OF FASHION.**  
**C. N. JOHNSTON—Tailor,**  
SOUTH SIDE OF MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE CRITCHER'S DRUG STORE, FRANKFORT, KY.  
IS prepared to execute work in his line cheaper than any other establishment in the place. He solicits patronage.  
January 1, 1846

**HEFFNER & GILLISPIE,**  
**FASHIONABLE TAILORS,**  
SOUTH SIDE MAIN STREET, BETWEEN WEISIGER & MANSION HOUSES, FRANKFORT, KY.  
CUT and MAKE to order all kinds of Gentlemen's Clothing, in the neatest and most improved styles.  
January 1, 1846

**JOHN MILLER,**  
**MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF TIN AND COPPER WARE.**  
SOUTH SIDE OF MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE CRITCHER'S DRUG STORE, FRANKFORT, KY.  
KEEPS on hand a general assortment of all kinds of Tin, Copper and Hollow Ware, at the lowest cash prices.  
N. B. All kinds of work done in his line to order, in the shortest possible time. Repairing done cheap. Give him a call.  
January 1, 1846

**HARRIS & M'KENDRICK,**  
**CARPENTERS AND HOUSE JOINERS,**  
FRANKFORT, KY.  
THEIR shop is on Ann, between Clinton and Mero streets, where both or either may be found, except when absent attending to business. They invite their friends to give them a call, when they wish work done in their line cheap.  
January 1, 1846

**J. L. SAGE,**  
MANUFACTURER OF FIRE GUNS, PISTOLS, &c.,  
BROADWAY STREET, FRANKFORT, KY.  
REPAIRING done at the shortest notice.  
January 1, 1846

**TO PHYSICIANS.**  
GENUINE Old Port and Pure Madeira Wine, and Old Brandy, for the sick, can be had day or night at  
JANUARY 1, 1846  
DOXON & GRAHAM'S.

**NEW BOOK JUST RECEIVED.**  
THE Life and Trial of Dr. ABNER BAKER, who was executed in Manchester, for the alleged murder of his brother-in-law, Daniel Bates, Esq., just received and for sale by  
JAN. 2  
WARREN & ALDRIDGE.

**NAT. SIMS,**  
BARBER AND FASHIONABLE HAIR DRESSER,  
Southeast corner of Main and Ann streets, Frankfort, Kentucky.  
ASSISTED by the experienced and well known Barber, SIMS, ELLIS, formerly of Lexington.  
January 1, 1846

**E. VAN KEUREN,**  
**FASHIONABLE BOOT MAKER,**  
On St. Clair street, two doors below the "Commonwealth Office," FRANKFORT, KY.  
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has established himself in the Boot and Shoe making business, in all its variety of branches. Gentlemen's fine dress boots made to order, of the best materials, and from the latest New York fashions. Also, Boots and Shoes neatly repaired at the shortest notice. He flatters himself from long experience in business in New York, that he can make easy and genteel fits.  
January 2, 1846

**BOSWELL'S DAGUERREAN GALLERY**  
OF LATEST IMPROVEMENTS, by which, not only the drapery, but the face and eyes are given perfect in all their beauty of color and expression. Together with his late and valuable discovery of coloring the background, which is universally admired, and so indispensable in beautifying and finishing a miniature portrait in good taste.  
A favorable opportunity is now offered to the ladies and gentlemen to obtain a miniature portrait of themselves or their children, in the most perfect style of execution, which for life-like beauty, distinctness and accuracy, are acknowledged to be unequalled. Mr. Boswell has opened his Gallery at the corner of Main and Ann streets, over the Drug Store of W. L. Critcher, near the Weisiger House, where he is prepared to receive ladies and gentlemen to take their likenesses in any kind of weather by affording him from ten to fifteen seconds sitting. None need hesitate in consequence of the heretofore objection to Daguerreotypes, viz. dimness of the eyes and imperfection of colors. Mr. B. by his late improvements, pledges himself to give the eyes and hair perfect with all their brightness and colors. Perfect likenesses are warranted and satisfaction given before any charge is made. Mr. Boswell is prepared to give instructions in his late improvements, which are unequalled, and warrants all his miniature portraits to remain for ages unfaded.  
Ladies and gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and examine specimens.  
Jan. 3, 1846

**Frankfort Advertisements.**  
**DOCTOR PHYTHIAN,**  
RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Frankfort and vicinity. Residence at the Mansion House. Office in the room lately occupied by Dr. E. H. Watson, adjoining John Baltzell's Hatter-shop, where he may be found at all times, except when engaged in professional business.  
January 5, 1846

**DR. O. S. WILSON,**  
GRATEFUL for past favors, would respectfully inform the public that he is at all times ready to give prompt attention to any call in the line of his profession. Office on the West side of St. Clair Street. Residence on Clinton, near the Governor's Mansion.  
January 6, 1846

**WILLIAM SAMPSON,**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.  
WILL practice in the Courts held in Frankfort and the adjoining counties. Office on the West side of St. Clair St. August 19, 1845—671-f.

**C. S. MOREHEAD & W. D. REED,**  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.  
WILL practice law in co-partnership, in the Court of Appeals, Circuit Court, General Court, and Franklin Circuit Court. W. D. Reed will regularly practice in the Franklin Circuit Court, Henry, and Owen Counties. Office on the West side of St. Clair street, and at all times open during the business hours.  
Frankfort, April 1, 1844—599-f.

**LYSANDER HORD,**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
WILL practice Law in the Court of Appeals, Federal Court, General Court, and Franklin Circuit Court. Any business confided to him shall be faithfully and promptly attended to. His office is on St. Clair street, near the bridge, where he may generally be found.  
Frankfort, April 1, 1844—599-f.

**O. G. CATES & T. N. LINDSEY,**  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
WILL give their joint attention to any business confided to their care, in any of the Courts held in Frankfort. They will also attend to the collection of moneys, and the investigation of land claims in any part of Kentucky. They will also attend to the preparation of cases for persons desiring the benefit of the Bankrupt Law.  
April 1, 1844—599-by

**INSURANCE.**  
THE LEXINGTON FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.  
WILL insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise, &c. against loss or damage by fire, in town or country. Steam and Keel boats, and their cargoes, against the damages of river navigation.  
The lives of Slaves are also insured by this Company.  
R. H. CRITCHER, Agent.  
Office at Dr. Watson's shop, near the bridge.  
May 27, 1845—659-by

**INSURANCE.**  
KENTUCKY AND LOUISVILLE MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.  
WILL insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise against loss or damage by fire, in town or country.  
Office at Dr. Watson's shop, near the bridge.  
May 27, 1845—659-by

**HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GROCERIES, &c.**  
THE undersigned is now prepared to show a complete assortment in his line—he invites his friends and the public to give him a call.  
**FAMILY GROCERIES.**  
20 lbs. N. O. Sugar; 30 bags Rio and Java Coffee; 20 boxes Soap; 25 boxes Candles; 5 bins, Lard and crushed Sugar; 15 lbs. and ground Pepper; Salsicuts; Ginger; Alum; Rice; G. P. and Black Teas; Irish Moss; Mace; Cloves; Cinnamon; Mustard; Starch; Fancy Soaps; Pickles by barrel, keg or jar; Cutlery, in bottles, &c.  
**IRON, NAILS, CASTINGS, &c.**  
20 tons warranted Iron; 100 kegs cut and wrought Nails; 75 Plough Wings; Cast and Blister Steel; Ovens; Skillets; Pots; old Lids; Dog Irons, &c.  
**PAINTS, OILS AND DYE-STUFFS.**  
50 kegs pure Lead; 3 bins, Lined Oil; Spanish Brown; Crome Green; Litharge; Venetian Red; Madder; Indigo; ochre; Sperm and Lard Oil—also 20 boxes of Glass; 25 lbs. Putty.  
**LIQUORS, &c.**  
150 bottles Old Brandy and Wine;  
25 bottles Champagne; 30 bottles Irish Whiskey;  
3 boxes superior Cheating Tobacco;  
500 lbs. Salt, &c. &c.  
[?] will trade for all kinds of Country Produce.  
December 9, 1845—657-by  
R. S. HOLTON.

**BEN. MONROE,**  
HAS just received from New York and Philadelphia, a small lot of choice LAW BOOKS, standard works of the latest editions, which he offers to the profession very low for cash. Call at his office on Main street and inspect them.  
April 1, 1844—599-f

**BOARDING HOUSE.**  
THE subscriber, now residing in Frankfort, proposes opening a PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE.  
His residence is on Clinton street, adjoining the Court House, and only a few doors from the Bank. It is an eligible site, convenient for business men, and his rooms are retired, new and comfortable. He could accommodate a mess of six or eight members of the Legislature.  
BEN. LUCKETT.  
December 30, 1845.

**HENRY SAMUEL,**  
FASHIONABLE HATTER AND HAIR DRESSER,  
ST. CLAIR STREET, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.  
HIS shop is nearly opposite the Public Room of the Mansion House. In addition to his professional business, he keeps constantly on hand the best Cheating Tobacco and Spanish cigars.  
January 1, 1846

**PEN AND POCKET KNIVES,**  
OF the very best of Rogers' and Wostenholme's make; a large lot on hand for sale at  
January 1, 1846  
TODD'S BOOKSTORE.

**KENTUCKY REPORTS.**  
A COMPLETE set of the Kentucky Reports, (except Hughes and Speed, 1 vol. each) in good order, for sale at  
January 1, 1846  
TODD'S BOOKSTORE.

**FASHIONABLE HATS,**  
OF the neatest style and best manufacture; a large supply of hand, and for sale by  
Also Travelling Trunks, Carpet Bags, Satchels, &c. for sale at the same place.  
W. M. TODD,  
January 1, 1846

**B. F. JOHNSON & Co.,**  
ONE DOOR BELOW THE POST OFFICE, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.  
HAVE on hand a handsome assortment of Dry Goods, &c., which they will sell at reduced prices, as they are desirous of reducing their stock as soon as possible before making their Spring Importation. Their friends and the public are respectfully invited to give them a call.  
January 1, 1846

**MAIN STREET CLOTHING STORE.**  
CANT BE BEAT—EITHER AT PRICES OR ARTICLES.  
**LUCKEN & GRIMME,**  
MAIN STREET, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.  
ONE door below J. Shannon's Saddlery Establishment, keep constantly on hand every variety and quality of READY MADE CLOTHING, which they will sell as low as any other establishment in the Western Country. Call and see before purchasing elsewhere.  
January 1, 1846

**AMERICAN ALMANAC FOR 1846.**  
THE American Almanac and Repository of Useful Knowledge for 1846. Also—The Farmer's, Christian's, and Presbyterian Almanacs for 1846, for sale at  
January 1, 1846  
TODD'S BOOKSTORE.

**FANCY STATIONERY.**  
A BEAUTIFUL variety of Note Paper, Note Envelopes, Mot-to Seals, Fancy Sealing Wax, Visiting Cards, &c., may be had at  
(Jan. 1)  
TODD'S BOOKSTORE.

**Frankfort Advertisements.**  
**NEW CONFECTIONERY,**  
ST. CLAIR STREET, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.  
THE undersigned take this method of returning thanks to their customers, friends and the public, for the very liberal patronage they have received since they commenced the Confectionery Business in this place, and hope by strict attention to business to merit a liberal portion of the public patronage. They are in receipt of as splendid a lot of Fruits, Nuts, &c. &c. as were ever brought to this market. They are prepared to furnish Cakes, Weddings, Balls, Parties, &c., with puddings of Cake, Candy, Egg Kisses, Macaroon, Italian Jumbles, Blanched Almonds, &c. &c., either plain or on columns, on the shortest notice and in the latest fashion. As our moulds are of three different patterns we think we can please all tastes.  
We intend to spare neither labor nor expense in having the best work, using none but the best of materials; and at prices as low as similar articles can be had either in Lexington or Louisville.  
Nov. 18, 1845—684-f.  
PILSON & MERRIWETHER.